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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Military and naval operations in Samoa have been suspended, awaiting arrival of the joint commission to arrange terms of peace. —— New York stock market yesterday was demoralized and values melted away; nothing escaped the furious decline. —— The government of Morocco settled the claims of the United States, and the cruiser Chicago has sailed from Tangier. —— The cruiser Raleigh struck on a shoal while entering Charleston harbor, but was pulled off late yesterday afternoon, and proceeded to her anchorage. —— British ship Loch Sloy wrecked off the coast of Australia; five passengers and fifteen of the crew were drowned. —— Molineux, charged with murdering Mrs. Kate J. Adams, was discharged by the grand jury of New York, but immediately re-arrested for assault with intent to kill Harry Cornish. —— A monster testimonial is to be presented to Admiral Dewey upon his return to the United States. —— In a street fight in Okolona, Miss., Dr. W. M. Murphy, his son Howard Murphy, and Chas. D. Clark and Walter Clark, all prominent citizens, were killed. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 3½@6 per cent., the last loan being at 6 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6¼c; flour was neglected but more steadily held; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 84½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 40½@40¾c; oats—spot dull, No. 2 31c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S Dept of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Wilmington, N. C., May 9.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 69 deg.; 8 P.M., 71 deg.; maximum, 76 deg.; minimum, 65 deg.; mean, 70 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .09; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.25.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 8.6 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers were general during the past 24 hours, except in a few scattering localities, and were quite heavy in the Galveston district, Weatherford, Texas, reporting 2¾ inches. It is much warmer in the Little Rock district, elsewhere the temperature changes have been slight.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—For North Carolina—Fair Wednesday, increasing cloudiness Thursday; variable winds.

Port Almanac---May 10.

Sun Rises	5.01 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.52 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 51 M.
High Water at Southport	8.38 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	12.08 A. M.

Emigrants from Europe are now arriving in this country at the rate of 2,000 a day.

Mrs. George, who killed her man and was acquitted, is going to lecture. Base ingratitude.

Henry B. Hyde, president of the Equitable Life Association, who died recently, received a salary of $100,000 a year.

Hanna says he doesn't believe in bossism. One boss is enough for him, and he thinks himself competent to run the whole business.

W. B. Stratton, who not many years ago worked at his trade as a carpenter, has just sold his Colorado gold mine for $10,000,000 to an English syndicate, and can retire.

The trust fellows must soon take a vacation. They have about finished up their jobs, and covered the field. The trust-ing completed the bust-ing will be the next thing in order.

The Dowager Empress of China announces that she will soon have a dress parade of 2,000,000 of her troops. What use has busted old China for so many troops or for such a parade?

A Russian lad who landed in Hays City, Kansas, twenty-five years ago, whose principal assets were a good head, a robust constitution and an old pipe, is now the exclusive owner of the electric light plant of that city. He must have been a rushin' sort of chap.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson says the time is not far distant when we will grow our own sweetening. The progress in beet culture has been such that he thinks we will soon be able to produce all the sugar we use, and save the $100,000,000 a year which we have been spending for it.

It is said that Andrew Carnegie has sold his interest in his steel plants in this country to a trust for $150,000,000, and will retire and devote the rest of his days to works of philanthropy. It may be incidentally remarked that $150,000,000 is a snug sum to retire on, and that the field he proposes to enter is a wide and inviting one.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamer *Oneida*, from New York, came in early yesterday morning, and went out in the afternoon on her regular trip to Georgetown.

— Deputy Sheriff King was yesterday engaged in summoning the jury for New Hanover Criminal Court, which convenes the first Monday in June.

— Mr. E. J. Hill, local agent at Warsaw for J. & G. Lippmann & Co., New York, yesterday shipped a solid car-load of berries to his house from that point.

— Spirits turpentine took a decided decline on the local market yesterday, being quoted at the closing quiet at 38½@39 cents. The receipts were 87 casks yesterday.

— It was reported in the city yesterday afternoon that the gang of pickpockets, who were here last week, had repeated their offences in Charleston and been locked up.

— The steamers *A. P. Hurt* and *Frank Sessoms* were down on their regular trips yesterday morning, clearing in the afternoon, the *Hurt* for Fayetteville and the *Sessoms* for Clear Run.

— Mr. R. D. Wescott, who has formerly served as bugler for the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves on several cruises, has been elected to a similar office in the Wilmington Light Infantry.

— A game of base ball yesterday, between the Hemenway and Wilmington High School teams, Captains McLaurin and Moore, resulted in a victory for the Hemenway team, the score being 9 to 3.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seacoast Road—Schedule.
F. L. Camp & Co.—Bankers.
King Grocery Co.—Household helps

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. H. Miller, of Chadbourn, was here yesterday.

— Mr. W. W. McCormac, of Rowand, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. M. Prince, of Holly Ridge, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Robert Faucette, of Lumberton, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. Geo. T. Jones, of Rocky Point, came down on the afternoon train last evening.

— Mr. T. J. Joyner, of Fayetteville, came in on the A. & Y. train yesterday afternoon.

— Col. B. S. Taylor was one of the welcome visitors to the city from Onslow county yesterday.

BROOKLYN BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. J. Payseur Has Accepted Call to Pastorate of This Congregation.

Rev. J. J. Payseur, of Dixie, Mecklenburg county, yesterday announced to the authorities of the Brooklyn Baptist Church, his acceptance of the call to the pastorate of that congregation, which was extended to him some time ago.

Rev. Mr. Payseur has preached for the congregation of Brooklyn Church several times during the past few months and has impressed the people as a man of great gifts and an able pastor. He is a young man, an active worker, and the congregation of this church is to be congratulated upon securing his services.

Mr. Payseur, his wife and child are expected to remove to the city about May 21st, at which time Mr. Payseur will enter upon the work.

Will Tour Europe.

Col. K. M. Murchison, Mrs. Murchison and their daughter, Miss Marie, will sail via the steamship *St. Paul* for an extended European trip on the 17th inst. Col. Murchison left the city last night for Baltimore, where Mrs. Murchison and Miss Marie are the guests of Mrs. Sherley, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Murchison. They will sail direct to Southampton. The tour will include the principal places of interest in England and on the continent. They expect to spend some time in Paris, where Mr. K. M. Murchison, Jr., is taking a special course in "The School of Fine Arts."

Justice McGowan's Court.

Frank Onslow and Charlotte Hagget, the colored participants in the Wallace's alley fracas Monday afternoon, were taxed with the costs, amounting to something over four dollars each, in Justice McGowan's court yesterday afternoon. Abraham Watson, another colored offender, who had tried conclusions in a fisticuff with his wife on the night previous, entered a submission to assault and battery and was also dismissed with costs.

Odd Fellow Visitation.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F., visited Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, at its regular meeting in Odd Fellow Hall last night. Refreshments were served in honor of the visit and speeches were made by several of the prominent members of both lodges.

On account of National Baptist Anniversaries, San Francisco, Cal., May 26th-30th, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to San Francisco, Cal., for $87.00 for the round trip; tickets to be sold May 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th, with extreme limit to July 16th, 1899.

MEMORIAL EXERCISES

Creditable Programme Prepared for the Services at Oakdale Cemetery.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 5 O'CLOCK

The Order of the Procession—Programme at the Confederate Monument—The Orator of the Day Has Arrived. A Half Holiday.

Memorial Day will be as usual creditably observed in this city. An excellent programme has been arranged for the memorial exercises to be held at the cemetery at 5 o'clock this afternoon under the auspices of the Cape Fear Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy.

The usual half-holiday will be observed in practically all branches of business, the stores and business offices, generally, closing at 1 P. M.

Sunday hours will be observed at the postoffice, with the exception that an early morning delivery will be made. The city markets will be closed at noon, and the Produce Exchange will be closed during the afternoon.

Exercises at the Cemetery.

The exercises arranged for by the programme committee of the Daughters of the Confederacy will be held at 5 o'clock at Oakdale cemetery, where the handsome monument to the heroic Confederate dead occupies a conspicuous square.

The Wilmington Light Infantry and the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves will assemble at their armories about 4 o'clock and march to the chapel at the entrance of the cemetery, where the various organizations and the general public are invited to assemble.

At 5 o'clock the procession will be formed for the march to the Confederate square. The marshals in charge will be Mr. R. F. Hamme (chief), Mr. Geo. W. Huggins, Mr. A. D. Cazaux, Mr. J. A. Everett, Dr. A. M. Baldwin, Col. Roger Moore, Mr. A. G. Hankins and Mr. C. H. Robinson.

The following order will be observed in the formation of the procession, to-wit:

Second Regiment band.
The Wilmington Light Infantry.
The chaplain and orator of the day.
The officers and board of directors of Oakdale Cemetery Co.
The Memorial Day choir.
The Cape Fear Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy.
Members of the Third regiment, N. C. infantry.
The Geo. Davis Association Sons of Confederate Veterans.
Officers and men of the Confederate army, navy and marines.
Wilmington Division Naval Reserves.

The general public will be expected to form in ranks and bring up the rear. The march to the Confederate square will begin promptly at 5 o'clock, and as soon as the people shall have assembled there the following programme will be carried out, to-wit:

Doxology by the memorial choir composed of the following members: Miss Annie Platt, Miss Nellie Platt, Miss Ethel Barnes, Mrs. Chas. Blomme, Mrs. J. H. Watters, Mrs. F. A. Muse, Mrs. A. S. Holden, Mrs. R. C. Banks, Mr. E. Schulken, Mr. W. H. Alderman, Mr. L. Williford, Mr. Jno. Rilley, Mr. A. S. Holden, Miss Bessie Burtt accompanist.
Prayer by the chaplain, Rev. Father Dennen.
Anthem, "Ever Fadeless Be Their Glory," by the choir.
Calling the Confederate Roll of Honor.
Placing flowers upon the Confederate mound, the choir the while singing "An Offering of Flowers we Bring."
Address by Captain W. T. R. Bell, of Rutherfordton, orator of the day.
Music—"Soldiers of Christ Arise," by all.
Sunset call.
Salute, by the Wilmington Light Infantry and Naval Reserves.

The programme will be under the direction of Chief Marshal R. F. Hamme.

The orator of the day, Capt. W. T. R. Bell, arrived here yesterday afternoon and is the guest of Col. Roger Moore.

OFF FOR CHARLESTON.

Wilmington Sends a Delegation Almost a Hundred Strong On Account of the Re-Union.

Wilmington will be well represented at Charleston this week during the great reunion of Confederate Veterans. Almost one hundred round-trip tickets to Charleston were sold at the A. C. L. ticket office in this city during yesterday and the day before. By far the largest number left on the 3.20 train yesterday afternoon. Among the ladies who went on this train were Miss Eliza Metts, sponsor, and Miss Jane Meares, maid of honor for the First N. C. Regiment, and Miss Mary Meares.

Among the veterans, their wives and others who left on the 3:20 train were General W. L. DeRosset, Mr. William Calder and wife, Junius Davis, Esq., Mr. H. VonGlahn and wife, Mr. Gabriel Holmes and wife, Captain Richard Patterson, Mr. W. H. Yopp and wife, Mr. T. H. McKoy, Mr. J. Hal Boatwright, Col. F. W. Kerchner, Rev. P. C. Morton, Dr. J. W. Shepard, Mr. T. P. Sykes, Capt. J. I. Metts, Mr. J. W. Shepard, Jr., Mr. P. Heinsberger, Mr. J. R. Marshall, Mrs. Jane D. DeRosset, Miss Mary Reid, Miss Gillican, Mrs. Lottie O'Neal and children.

There was also the following party from Onslow county: Col. S. P. Taylor, Sheriff F. W. Hargett, Mr. B. L. Kellum, Mr. Chas. Russell, Mr. Chas. Petteway and Mr. James Kensey.

The following delegates representing the Geo. Davis Association of Sons of Veterans left yesterday evening: Mr. James Taylor, Mr. Geo. Crow, Mr. Willie Crow, Mr. Nash DeRosset.

THE SOIREE BY MISS LORD'S PUPILS.

Held in Germania Hall Last Night—A Great Success—A Credit to Participants and Instructor.

Miss Lord's soiree given to her afternoon dancing class, in Germania Hall last night was witnessed by quite a large number of Wilmington's best people and every one is enthusiastic in praise for the participants and their gifted instructor. The hall was prettily decorated and the "lads and lassies" were attired in charming costumes in thorough keeping with the title of the evening's programme, "Wee Folks from Large Countries."

The first feature of the evening was a grand march led by Masters Joseph Armstrong and Joe Smith. This was a beautiful inaugural for the series of beautiful figures and graceful dances which followed in rapid succession during the evening.

The second feature of the programme was "Sailors Hornpipe," rendered by six charming girls—Misses Ella Jacobs, Christine Stevenson, Bertie Hansen, Theo. Cantwell, Beck Love Johnson and Isabelle Small; bones.

Master Willie Smith led the whole class through a beautiful german figure followed by a waltz during which the excellence and effectiveness of the instruction received from Miss Lord was forceably demonstrated in the deportment of the individual dancers. The waltz was followed by a very pretty rendering of the "Highland Fling" by Miss Sadie Baker and Master Will Gore.

One of the very prettiest and best received features of the evening was the "Cachuca," or Spanish Dance, by ten pretty and richly-costumed girls. They were Misses Bessie Latimer, Bessie Gore, Etta Furpless, Annie Harper, Nellie Heiser, Mildred Hunt, Florie Grant, Viola Livingston, Alice Reilly and May Belle Sneed.

After the Spanish dance there was another pretty and well executed german figure—Vorsourianull—led by Marion James and Joe Smith.

Miss Amoret Lord and Master Willie Watters were accorded a perfect storm of applause for their especially good rendering of a comic Irish figure. They were appropriately attired and entered heartily into the characters they impersonated.

Six ladies and gentlemen next came upon the floor and danced the minuet with especial grace. They were: Miss Nora Angel with Mr. Richard Bradley; Miss Sallie Bell Jackson with Mr. Parker Lewis; Miss Neppie Borden with Mr. Harry Smallbones; Miss Beth Daggett with Mr. Zaok Bell; Miss Athalia McIntire with Mr. Julian Southerland; Miss Mima Webster with Mr. Russell Foster, and Miss Carrie Duffy with Mr. Tom Meares.

The minuet was followed by another pretty german figure and two step, led by Eugene LeGrand and Norwood Orrell.

A wave of patriotism swept the hall when three little Misses wearing national colors came upon the floor and Mrs. Lord, the pianist, played a bar of "Star Spangled Banner," and then in tune to appropriate music they gracefully executed the skirt dance. The girls were Miss Bessie Lattimer (red), Miss Anna Parsley (white) and Miss Jennie Jackson (blue.)

Master William Watters rendered a "clown dance," which was enthusiastically cheered. He proved himself a remarkably expert dancer for a boy of his age. This was the last feature of the programme.

Besides those whose names were mentioned above as participants in the programme there were the following:

Misses Agnes McQueen, Maud Parker, Alta Hicks, Helen Hicks, Nellie Durham, Elise Emerson, May Parker, Almeria Stevenson, Edna Toomer, Lottie Pleasants, Helen Pleasants, Mary Cantwell, Lottie Duffy, Ida Evans, Louise Evans, Virginia Cooper, Alice Smith, Mary Filyaw, Cornelia Filyaw, Eleanor Gilchrist, Athalia LeGrand, Mary Crosswell, Louise Bellamy and Ida Brown. Messrs. Joe Worth, Victor Grainger, Merrell Blair, Macks Parker, John S. Armstrong, Louis Belden, Yeunier Gaylord, Walter Storm, Charlie Morris, Louis Orrell, Clayton Smith, Platt Davis, Willie Lord, Earl Crosswell, Maultsby Crosswell, Charlie Bellamy, Jack Watters, Frederick Munds and Charlie Morris.

After the soiree all the pupils participated in an after german, which continued for two hours.

Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of North Carolina convened yesterday afternoon at Fayetteville. Mr. R. J. Jones, Grand Treasurer; Mr. M. W. Jacobi, Grand Warden, and the following representatives from the local lodges left yesterday morning on the A. & Y. train to be present at the session: Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, Mr. W. L. Smith; Orion Lodge No. 67, Mr. F. B. Rice; Wilmington Lodge No. 139, Mr. J. J. Hopkins; Hanover Lodge No. 145, Mr. McL. Bell.

Arrested For Gambling.

Policeman Barden last night arrested Scipio Harris and Louis Nixon, both colored, for gambling. They were "shooting craps" at a negro house near corner Eighth and Nixon streets, when the policeman came upon them, seized all the cash in sight, which amounted to twenty-two cents in the aggregate and escorted the participants to the lock-up. They will be tried in the police court this morning.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

DR. BERNHEIM HONORED.

Presented With Gold-Headed Cane—Fifty Years in Lutheran Ministry—N. C. Synod at Salisbury.

Rev. G. D. Bernheim, D. D., and Rev. A. G. Voigt, D.D., have returned from Salisbury where they attended the session of the North Carolina Synod which they report to have been one of the most profitable ever held.

Dr. Bernheim brings back with him a handsome gold headed cane which was presented to him by the ministers of the Synod in honor of the completion of the fiftieth anniversary of his ministry. The cane bears the following inscription:

Rev. G. D. Bernheim, D. D.,
Fifty years in the Lutheran ministry.
Presented by his clerical Brethren of the N. C. Synod May 4th, 1899.

The presentation was made by Rev. C. A. Rose, president of the Synod.

The following extracts are taken from the presentation speech, as published in the Salisbury *Sun*:

"Dr. Bernheim, for fifty years you have been actively engaged in the work of the ministry of the Evangelical Lutheran Church. During all these years you have been ever loyal to the doctrines and usages of our dear old Church. * * * And you have been an able minister of the New Testament. * * * To-day, my dear brother, you present to us and our King a beautiful, faithful and consistent Christian life, without a spot or blemish upon your Christian character. * * * * * *

"When your natural forces shall abate and your eye grow dim to the loveliness of earth, then may this cane be of service to you, and as you support your body by it may your soul be supported by the Grace of God."

Referring to the business transacted by the Synod, the most interesting action taken was the adoption of a resolution to move the North Carolina College from Mount Pleasant. A committee, consisting of Rev. Chas. B. Miller, Rev. R. C. Holland, D. D., Rev. C. A. Rose, Geo. E Ratchie and T. L. Ross, was appointed to solicit bids for the location of the college in some more advantageous town or city.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice May 10th, 1899.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Miss Jennie Brock, Miss Annie Curtis, Miss Ellen Clark, Miss Zelin Clark, Miss Ollie N Doyl, Mrs R Dulhelfer, Miss Emer Fisher, Miss L J Fanel, Miss Josephine Henry, Miss Sallie J Hefner, Miss Lizzie Lee, Miss Maud Leffers (2), Mrs J M Mogowands, Mrs A McLarsne, Miss M J Moore, Miss Berthey Night, Miss Fay Peirce, Mrs E J Russ, Sarah Thompson. Miss Janie Woods, Lurena White (2), Miss M A Wilson, Luetta Williams, Miss Violet Webb, Mrs Geo Yopp.

MEN'S LIST.

George Billops, James Bradley, W J Bryan, Sandy Baker, Dr O J Bender, S H Brittain, W T Baggett, D E Castin, Nathan Craford, Thos Drein, Evans-Burea Lumber Co, C R Eagerton, S B Hankins, Sam Hargroves, W Harriss, Jno R Lane, J R Little, Abraham Marables, L L Robinson, T H Robbins, Alfred Spicer, C P Smaro, D W Sabenston, F H Smith, Jas Sterrett, J W Sthenson, J S Spell, Joseph Salug, Stafford Stanback, T J Sanders, T L Skipper, W T Shepard, S W Tate (2), W L Vann, Andrew Woolard, Chas A Wakefield, E W Woodberry, E J Mills, E J Warner, J L Weekins.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Annie Morris.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

NORTHERN TRUCK QUOTATIONS.

Heavy Receipts of Strawberries and Poor Quality Brought Lower Market.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

NEW YORK, May 9.—The receipts of strawberries to-day were generally poor; most of them are water soaked. Prices ranged from 8 to 12 cents per quart. Garden peas sold to-day at $1.25, but the stock was mostly poor and good qualities will command higher prices if already on the market. The cabbage market is firm at the same prices. The weather is fine for an active market, being clear and cool.

J. & G. LIPPMANN,
Wholesale Commission Merchants,
184 Reade Street.

BOSTON, May 9.—Strawberries sold to day at from 11 to 12 cents per quart, according to quality. The receipts are heavy and the market is moving slowly.

A. & O. W. MEAD & Co.,
Wholesale Commission Merchants.

Gypsy Horse Traders.

Yesterday afternoon a "caravan" of Gypsies, men, women, and children, to the number of about fifty or seventy-five, arrived on the Brunswick side of the river and were being brought over on flats to the city, from whence they are journeying to the vicinity of the Mineral Spring, southeast of the city, where it is presumed they will establish a camp. They profess to be horse traders and are travelling this way from Lumberton. Last night about half the number pitched their camp across the river to await the coming of the "rear contingent," which is expected to arrive to-day.

Fire Near Rocky Mount.

The residence of Mrs. Turner W. Battle, about eight miles from Rocky Mount, N. C., was destroyed by fire last Sunday night. Mrs. George G. Battle was slightly burned, and Mr. Jas. Bunn, aged 21 years, grandson of Mrs. Battle, was so badly injured that he died Monday afternoon.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH

Supreme Court Decision in Favor of the New Board of Agriculture.

JIM-CROW CAR LAW DECISION

Will Go Into Effect the First Day of June. Vestibule and Through Express Trains Excepted from Its Provisions. Grand Lodge Odd Fellows.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 9.—There was a severe hail storm in the southern part of this county yesterday. Some of the hail stones were as large as hen's eggs. The leaves and twigs on the trees in Middle creek township were beaten to pieces. The hail extended in a narrow area about two and a half miles wide.

It is stated here that the Postal Telegraph Company will in the near future extend its service to all the principal towns of the State. The last Legislature gave telegraph companies the power to condemn right of way along railroad lines, thus putting the Postal on an equal footing with the Western Union.

Commencement exercises of Shaw University are being held this week. The commencement address will be delivered Thursday by Prof. E. E. Smith, of Goldsboro, former minister to Liberia.

I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the State met in Raleigh to-day.

The programme of the session is as follows:

"Meeting of the Grand Lodge at 4:30 P. M. to-day.

"Social meeting in the hall of Manteo Lodge to-night.

"Wednesday morning, consideration of matters relating to the orphanage at Goldsboro.

"Wednesday evening or Thursday morning, election of officers.

"The Lodge will adjourn not later than Thursday morning."

The meeting in the Lodge room to night was mainly social, though some work was done.

The amending the constitution with reference to the Goldsboro Orphanage is to cover the election of trustees for the institution and also to provide for a certain and sufficient means of support for it. The number of trustees will probably be reduced to 3 from 6, the present number.

There will also come before the lodge at this session the matter of changing the present method of appointing district deputy grand masters by the Grand Master of the State Lodge.

The Grand Master's report for the year shows that there are in this State 108 Lodges of the order, with a total membership of 4,425. During the year the order paid out for various relief purposes $7,518.80. The total assets of the order in this State amount to $91,484.52.

The report of Grand Representatives James P. Sawyer and John F. Bruton show a total lodge membership of the order in the United States of 814,766 on December 31st, 1897.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Agricultural Board Case.

The Supreme Court to day handed down the following opinions: Agricultural Board case, in favor of the new board. Keeper of the capitol case, in favor of Cherry, Democrat. Public printing case, in favor of the Democratic public printers. Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad cases (two) in favor of Patrick (Rep.) and old board. Buncombe County Criminal Court clerkship in favor of Wilson (Rep).

Other cases decided to-day were: Huss vs. Craig, error; Charlotte Fertilizer Co. vs. Rippy, petition to re hear dismissed; Whittman vs. Dickey, reversed; State vs. Rhyne, new trial; Norwood vs. Pratt, motion for certiorari denied; Trollinger vs. Railroad Company, motion to reinstate; Collins vs. Bryan, new trial; Collins vs. Pettitt, petition to rehear dismissed; Wilkinson vs. Brinn, reversed.

There are only three other opinions to be rendered. The Court will hand them down to-morrow and adjourn for the term.

Jim Crow Car Law.

The Corporation Commission to-day served notice on all the principal railroads in the State that the Jim Crow car law will go into effect June 1st. Vestibule and through express trains are excepted from the operation of the law.

The Attorney General rules that foreign corporations becoming domestic corporations under the Craig bill need not pay the fee required of new corporations when chartered.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—25 bales cotton, 10 barrels rosin.

W., C. & A. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 62 casks spirits turpentine, 126 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar, 18 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 43 barrels rosin.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—21 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 65 barrels rosin, 37 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—13 casks spirits turpentine, 108 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar.

Steamer Cresus—40 barrels rosin, 14 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 48 bales; spirits turpentine, 87 casks; rosin, 392 barrels; tar, 72 barrels; crude turpentine, 24 barrels.

Mayor's Court Yesterday.

Mayor pro-tem. Springer had only one trifling case before his court yesterday—a small negro boy for fast riding on a bicycle. The men arrested for the larceny of a quantity of hemp rope are still confined in the guard house, awaiting the identification of the property. It is thought to be government property, belonging to the revenue cutter *Colfax*.



Household Helps

that are real labor savers are the kind to buy—especially while the weather is so hot. For polishing glass, silver, brass and other metals, you will find "Bon Ami" truly a "good friend." It sells at 10c. Of Sapollo it is enough to say that we keep it and sell it.

Kirkman's Borax Soap, Octagon Soap and several cheaper brands are always on our shelves. WE HAVE A GOOD LAUNDRY

Soap at 2 1-2c bar.

Fairbank's Brown Soap we sell at 4c per bar; Laundry Starch at 3 pounds for 10c. Borax, Sal Soda and Washing Powders are reliable helps. We have them and many others.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
'Phone 337. B. F. KING, MANAGER. Fourth Street Bridge.
my 10 tf

THE HAIL AT MAGNOLIA.

Wrought Much Damage to Truck Crops and Especially to Strawberries.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

MAGNOLIA, N. C., May 9.

We had a dreadful storm of hail, wind and rain yesterday afternoon. One mile and a half from here strawberries were nearly all destroyed, but the storm was not quite so bad here. Our largest strawberry farmer lost seven acres, and will pick few if any more this season. The rows between were even full of hail, and cart loads could have been shovelled up at 8 o'clock last night, and the forests looked like Winter. This is the second hail in two weeks. All crops of truck have a poor stand, and are very backward. H. E. N.

HAIL STORM AROUND MOUNT OLIVE.

Crops of Some Farmers a Total Loss. Strawberries Damaged Most.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

MOUNT OLIVE, May 9, 1899.—A destructive hail storm played havoc with the strawberry and trucking farms about one and a half miles north of Mount Olive yesterday afternoon about 3.45 o'clock. Some of the sufferers report that even the strawberry vines are totally destroyed. Among the heavy losers by the storm are Messrs. Wm. Potts, Wm. Anderson, John W. Lee, Brantley Smith, R. E. Brogden, D. R. Perry, Frank Peele, George Kornegay and others. These parties have suffered a total loss of strawberries, watermelons and all growing crops, cotton included.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. L. CAMP & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
BUY AND SELL
STOCKS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Correspondence solicited. Local agents wanted.
EXCHANGE COURT BUILDING,
52 Broadway, New York.
my 10 3m we fr su

N. P. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
SPRING CLEANING—My guarantee that your Hair and Moss is PICKED, not simply shook up and put back, and that YOUR Hair and Moss is not "kept" and worthless stuff substituted is something for you to consider BEFORE giving your work to Tom, Dick and Harry.
In addition to regular business hours open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 P. M.
my 3 tf

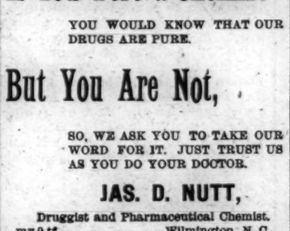
If You were a Chemist
YOU WOULD KNOW THAT OUR DRUGS ARE PURE.
But You Are Not,
SO, WE ASK YOU TO TAKE OUR WORD FOR IT. JUST TRUST US AS YOU DO YOUR DOCTOR.
JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
my 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

TERRIBLE FALL
at
THE UNLUCKY CORNER.
Not Terrible to you or me.
But Butter,
NOT THE SO-CALLED "BEST BUTTER,"
But
The Genuine Fox River Clover Hill Butter
25c lb.
This is worth your notice.
S. W. SANDERS.
apr 30 tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.



On and after Wednesday, May 10, the trains on the Wilmington Seacoast R. R. will run the following schedules:
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY:
Leave Wilmington 10.10 A. M., 2.30 P. M., 6.30 P. M.
Leave Ocean View 7.30 A. M., 11.30 A. M., 5 P. M.
SUNDAY TRAIN.
Leave Wilmington 2.30 P. M. Leave Ocean View 5 P. M.
Until further notice, extra train will leave Wilmington every Monday morning at 6.30 A. M.; returning, leave Ocean View at 7.30 A. M.
R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.
my 9 3t



For any kind of GOOD SHOES
Call on Us.
We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.
Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00
These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.
The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.
Fresh supplies constantly arriving.
MERCER & EVANS.
apr 18 tf

AT JOHNSON'S
No. 111 Market Street,
WILL BE SHOWN THE COMING WEEK
New Styles In Dress Fabrics
Not seen in this city before.
OUR RECENT PURCHASES IN NEW YORK WILL ARRIVE AND WE
WILL BE PLEASED TO SHOW THEM.
The Price Will Be Right, Too.
apr 23 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,
DISTRIBUTORS.
We came. You saw. We conquered.
We thank our numerous friends for the confidence shown, in taking hold of the best Cigar ever given to the public. The goods sell for 3 for 25 cents elsewhere, and we believe you subserve your interest when you handle them
"Santa Bana" Cigars,
The finest made for the money.
"SANTA BANA" CIGARS,
Hand made from choicest stock.
"SANTA BANA" CIGARS,
Money returned if not as stated.
The best 5c Cigar in the world.
Smokers, try them!
Smokers, try them!
Smokers, try them!
my 7 tf

Kainit.
Seed Oats, all Kinds.
Seed Potatoes.
GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.
At Wholesale.
McNAIR & PEARSALL
ap 9 tf

NOTICE.
Having engaged in the Dry Goods business, I have this day sold to Mr. R. C. DeRosset the BOOK AND STATIONERY business conducted by me at No. 107 Market street, Wilmington, N. C., and earnestly bespeak for him a continuance of the very liberal patronage extended to me since the opening of the business. All accounts due me are payable to Mr. DeRosset.
WARREN S. JOHNSON.

I have purchased the BOOK AND STATIONERY business of Mr. Warren S. Johnson and shall continue the same at his old stand, No. 107 Market street. By moderate prices and fair treatment I hope to merit and receive a fair proportion of the public patronage.
Consult my prices before purchasing elsewhere.
ROBERT C. DeROSSET.
tu we fr su

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer
WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. CO.



WILMINGTON, N. C., MAY 9TH, 1899.
The Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company have declared a dividend of four per cent. on the Capital Stock of that Company for the six months ending April 30th, 1899. Dividend due and payable at the office of the Treasurer on and after May 10th, 1899. Transfer books will stand closed from April 30th, 1899, to May 11th, 1899, inclusive.
JAMES F. POST, Jr.,
Secretary and Treasurer W. & W. R. R. Co.
my 9 tf

WILMINGTON RUBBER TIRE CO.
(LICENSEES)
THE RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO.,
Cor. 2nd & Princess Streets.
THE BEST RUBBER TIRE MADE--GUARANTEED.
Plant now complete. Specimens of our work on exhibition.
Saves your vehicle and gives you pleasure. Please give us a call.
Office 108-110 North Second St.
apr 25 1m

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 10.

THE POSSIBILITIES IN THE COTTON CROP.

Mr. D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte, is a most interesting writer and talker on the subject of cotton manufacturing; a good writer and talker because he is also a good thinker and close observer, not only on the industrial problem as it applies to cotton but on the industrial problem generally. He has furnished some valuable contributions to the cotton manufacturing discussion as an argument in favor of the establishment of textile schools in this State, from which we have heretofore published some extracts in these columns, but he has recently delivered an address at Jackson, Tenn., on "What Cotton Mills have done for the South" which covers points not previously embraced. We reproduce only so much from this address as is necessary to make clear his points and to show what immense possibilities there are in the cotton crop, as seen by a man of close observation, extensive reading and practical experience in the business upon which he discourses.

The argument and the tendency for several years has been toward a contraction of the cotton acreage, it being held that this is the remedy and the only visible remedy for unremunerative prices. We fancy that there are few who would contend that under present conditions a reduction of acreage would not be good, but when the reduction begins the question might arise, where would it stop? If carried too far, far enough to so reduce the world's crop of cotton as to run the price high, it would stimulate the production in other countries which are adapted to the cultivation of cotton, and thus instead of reducing the world's stock by reducing our output we would be increasing it, and instead of pushing prices up we would find them forced down still lower, and find ourselves confronted not only by a surplus but by foreign competition, which we had done much to create and foster in the effort to benefit ourselves.

Mr. Tompkins does not believe in contracting the cotton-bearing acreage, but in increasing it if anything, so as not to stimulate other cotton growing countries to go largely into cotton culture, but to aim to produce it at the very lowest possible figure in the cost of production, and thus be able to sell at the very lowest figure, six cents per pound or even less.

The only way this can be done is by improved methods, economy in working, fertilizing, &c,, and making the crop as nearly as possible a side crop whether it be a large or small one. There must be diversified farming, the raising of home supplies not only for the farm but or the people of the surrounding section before this can be done. This will put the planter in such position that he will not be solely dependent upon his cotton crop, and he can sell at a price that would ruin him if he had to buy everything he needed, and still make some money over and above the cost of production.

The next thing is to encourage the manufacture of cotton at home, as near where it is grown as possible, for this not only brings out of the cotton nearly all the profit there is in it, trebling at least its value, but it brings that money into the country where the cotton is grown and manufactured and most of it finds its way among the farmers for other things than cotton. Every factory started adds hundreds or thousands, according to the size of the factory or the number of them, to the mouths that must be fed by the farmers. Speaking on this point Mr. Tompkins says:

"Let us assume that the average Southern State produces 1,000,000 bales. These at 6 cents would yield $30,000,000. If made into cloth, worth an average of 18 cents, the yield would be $90,000,000. Profit to the State $60,000,000.

"This point would be almost entirely in the shape of actual money coming from foreign markets. Much of it would go for wages, of course, but it would go to Southerners, who have now scant opportunity to make wages. Much of it would go for foodstuffs that the working people would consume, but the farmers would get this money for potatoes, chickens, eggs, butter, milk, fruit and other perishable stuff which now rots on the farm for want of a market, or which might be made but is not, for want of a market.

Out of the increased money brought into the State, the farmer would probably get the greater proportion of it all. The price of cotton to the farmer is always a little better in factory town than in an ordinary cotton market. The former would be necessity get the money paid by the operatives for almost their entire living. The average price of 18 cents for manufactured goods is about what the cloth would be worth in the shape of plain white cloth and ordinary plaids and ginghams. This price is by no means the limit if what might be done. With knowledge and skill, cotton can be put into cloths worth 36 cents, and even higher figures

"We have seen that the crop which in a raw state is worth in bales $30,000,000 may be made easily worth $90,000,000. This same crop at 36 cents would yield $180,000,000, and at 72 cents would yield $350,000,000, or or more than the entire crop of the South is now worth in bales at current prices. Nothing is necessary for the accomplishment of these results except intelligent, thoughtful and persistent labor."

This shows how much the farmer who grows cotton, or whether he grow cotton or not, is interested in the establishment of cotton manufactories. It needs no argument to prove that the farmers within a conveniently reachable radius of a manufacturing town should be more prosperous than if there were no manufactories there, for that is too self-evident to need argument. It is simply this, that there are mouths to feed, with the money to pay for the food, where there were before no mouths to feed. Continuing on this line, and showing the immense possibilities there are in the cotton crop when put in the form of fabrics, he says:

"We all know that a great number of farmers now work scarcely 100 days in a year. With this much labor they produce a cotton crop. The factory employes work 300 days in the year. This leaves the farmer with 200 less working days than the factory operative. With a ready cash market for all perishable farm products, there would be ample encouragement for the farmer to fill out his 300 days with some profitable work. This additional work would not be drudgery, or unpleasant. It would be work, of course, to drive into town with a lot of fruit, vegetables and other farm products, sell it out in the factory village for $2,$4, or more, but there is nothing unpleasant or irksome about such work. And the various sums so obtained, and obtainable any day in the year, would help out mightly in producing cotton at a price that would compete with the India man and the Egyptian. In fact, in the southeast, where the manufacture of cotton is well established, many farmers make more money out of their miscellaneous crops that they sell to the factory population than out of their cotton crops.

"If we contemplate the manufacture of the entire crop of the South, the figures become stupendous. For example:

10,000,000 bales at 6 cents yields	$ 300,000,000
10,000,000 bales at 18 cents yields	900,000,000
10,000,000 bales at 36 cents yields	1,800,000,000

"For any such results as these last figures, we have not the population.

"Even that part of the population which we already have would need much in the way of education and training before any very large proportion of it could be put to work. But the figures show what an opportunity is before us. Each of us ought to do the utmost for the promotion of manufactures and for the education and training of the coming generation in the manufacture of cotton. The sentiment in this direction is growing conspicuously.

As to our production. All the cotton now made is manufactured by somebody. The world's requirements seem to be as well situated to make yarn and cloth as to produce the cotton It would seem as if the limit of our manufacturing interest is simply the labor we have and can get until we manufacture all of our own production. Such an ultimate result could only come after long and after vast improvements in our educational systems. But the opening is ready for and immediate beginning and is wide open for infinite development.

These are, as Mr. Tompkins says, "stupendous figures," and while we may not reasonably expect to ever see the whole cotton crop of the South manufactured in the South, there are those living who will see by far the greater portion of it, for we are but as yet in the infancy of that industry.

A colored denizen of Kentucky has just received a verdict for $50,000 against a half dozen white men who white capped him some time ago. The jury were all white. The men are too poor to pay the damages, but it was some satisfaction to the colored citizen to come out on top. He had the prior satisfaction of sending some slugs into one of the crowd who raided his house, which killed him.

The Baldwin Works in Philadelphia have just closed contracts for twenty more locomotives for English railroads. When they try the American locomotive over there they won't have any other.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

DON'T THEY TRUST THE SOLDIERS?

At first appearance it would look as if the seizure by the postmaster at San Francisco of Mr. Akinson's pamphlets addressed to Admiral Dewey, Gen. Otis and a few other prominent representatives, military or civil, of this Government, in the Philippines indicted distrust of the loyalty of the army and the navy, notwithstanding all the enconimus that have been passed upon their devotion and heroism. Of course this was not the case for the authorities at Washington never permitted themselves to think for one instant that Admiral Dewey or any of the gentlemen to whom these pamphlets were addressed by Mr. Atkinson could be influenced in the slightest by anything contained in them in failing to do their duty, as they saw it, to their country and the flag which they carried. It was not distrust of the army which inspired this action against those pamphlets, but something else.

They made this a pretext to suppress such documents with a view, if circumstances suggested it, to extend this action to other utterances of a similar character, while the talk of prosecuting Mr. Atkinson under the sedition act was intended to intimidate others who may have been too free in their condemnation of the policy of expansion and imperialism. The following, which we clip from the Chattanooga *Times*, covers the motive completely:

"Atkinson showed up, by an inexorable mathematic demonstration, the cost of the useless war in the Philippines.

"He proved up the inconsistences, hypocrisies and contradictions of those in power.

"He quoted, by way of proving some of his strictures to be true, from the speeches of Henry U. Johnson in Congress, and from other congressional orators that were awfully 'gude and distasteful.'

"He assailed the administration's policy with logic; facts and figures from the record were used.

"The pretence that the old philosopher is about to poison the minds of the army in the Philippines, and thus raise a general mutiny, or cause a wholesale taking of French leave, is rank nonsense and humbug. It's the truth the old gentleman has mixed up with his invective, that is hurting. They know that all Mr. Atkinson and his friends can do will neither shorten nor lengthen the time required for crushing Aguinaldo and his ragged army, by one poor minute.

"It is not because, as they pretend to believe, that Mr. Atkinson is about to make trouble in the army, that they are casting about for some excuse to base a lettre de cachet on. They know he has, and can have, no more influence with his pamphlet ammunition, in the Philippines, than he would exercise by blowing a horn, in that direction. It is the impudence of the man, in exposing false pretense and pecksniffian statesmanship, that has caused him to receive special attention.

"We do not approve of Mr. Atkinson's methods, but we know, in our very bones, that he is earnest, honest, and as fearless as an angel—though he isn't one.

"And equally, we know that the men who are 'after him,' are not that kind, that they are neither sincere nor with the courage of that which they seem to mistake for their convictions."

But this arbitrary and tyrannical action goes much further than Mr. Atkinson, for if they assume the right to stop his papers addressed to people in the Philippines, they have an equal right to stop any other papers, and if they have a right to stop papers they can also stop letters, telegraph messages or anything else, and thus keep the Americans in those islands in utter ignorance of what is going on in this country and keep the American people in utter ignorance of what is going on in the Philippines; in other words, they can exercise an absolute despotism as far as the transmission of information to or from the islands goes. If this course can be pursued as to the Philippines, they can do the same as to Porto Rico and Cuba in the event of friction between the Government of the United States and the people of those islands. Admit the right and there is practically no limit to it, that depending on the caprice or discrimination of those who exercise it. This is a matter in which not Mr. Askinson alone but the American people are interested, for it strikes them with quite as much force as it does him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Atkinson carried criticism beyond the line drawn in the statutes in counseling insubordination. But what then? Couldn't the Administration trust the soldiers?—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Gen. Merritt probably thinks he's the right man for Gen. Miles' place. Hence Merritt's fulsome praises of a man he asked the secretary of war to kick out of the army, in 1864, for virtual desertion. Ambition, coupled with the West Point hatred of a volunteer, seems to have wrought a most wonderful change in Merritt's estimate of Alger.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— The Maryland Steel Works has chartered a "great fleet of vessels" to carry abroad the 75,000 tons of rails for the North China Railroad—the contract for which it secured against English and German competition. Yet the Dingley tariff imposes a duty of $7 a ton on rails to "protect American labor from the competition of pauper labor abroad." One issue of the next election ought to be the abolition of freak duties in a monopoly-fostering tariff.—*New York World, Dem.*

— Newell Little—"Is this wireless telegraphy practicable?" Newsome Moore—"Why, sure! The yellow journals used it all through the late war."—*Life.*

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

BEET SUGAR.

Secretary Wilson, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, is quoted as saying that with the present progress in the growing of sugar beets and the establishment of factories for the manufacture of sugar, it will not be many years before we produce sugar enough to supply the home demand and thus save the $100,000,000 annually expended for imported sugar.

The probabilities are that the Secretary is somewhat too sanguine, for events of the past year or so will have a tendency to retard and discourage that industry which was making pretty fair progress. New factors have entered to compete with the beat grower and beat sugar manufacturer, and it remains to be seen whether they can successfully withstand this competition.

Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines, and probably Cuba, come in under the expansion policy as competitors, for henceforth the sugar produced in these islands, if the expansion policy be carried out, will come in free of duty, and consequently be cheaper than they have been, and much more formidable competitors of our beet sugar. And yet the men who are booming expansion, many of them, if not all, profess to believe in encouraging home industries, and appeared to be so much interested in the promotion of the beet sugar industry that they proposed bounties to encourage and foster it, and then inconsistently pursue a course the inevitable result of which must be to kill it.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

— Stanly *Enterprise*: Deputy Collector Mills, of Salisbury, captured a whiskey still on Titus Coble's place, about nine miles southwest of here last Thursday night, cutting it to pieces.

— Lincoln *Journal*: The prospects for a good apple crop are said to be excellent. —— Fred Lee, of Alexis, crippled and captured a fine large golden eagle Thursday evening. Those who have seen it pronounce it a fine specimen.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Mr. G. M. Tucker tells us that the success of the fertilizer factory upon which he has been working for some days is assured. He has been greatly encouraged in soliciting stock and is now having the necessary papers drawn up.

— Kinston *Free Press*: The Kinston Cotton Mills have placed an order for additional machinery. The stock subscription books will close on June 1st. About $70,000 of stock has been taken so far. The company would like to have $80,000,000 in all—that amount being the limit that will be sold—so only about $10,000 yet remains open to subscription.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf*: The stockholders of the Henderson cotton mill have voted to make a third addition and increase the capacity of the mill. Only a few months ago quite extensive additions in the size of the factory building and the quantity of machinery were made, and now still further improvement along that line has been decided upon. This argues well for the success of the cotton mill. This new extension will make the mill a fraction over 400 feet in length, independent of a 40 foot office.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The people of Snow Hill community have been much stirred up over the foul murder of young Robert Turnage, near Farmville week before last. Five arrests have been made, four colored and one white. Though the excitement is still intense, it is thought that the law will be allowed to take its course. The motive of robbers has been discarded, and it is now thought that jealousy was the cause, there being a woman at the "bottom of it." —— The convicted rapist, Lorenzo Brown, who escaped from the Greenville jail Sunday, April 31st, was caught in La Grange Saturday and carried back to Greenville. He is sentenced to be hanged June 9th. —— Saturday night at Bethel, Pitt county, Constable Elija Bryan was trying to quiet a crowd of boisterous negroes when four of them assaulted him. He was struck on the head with a rake and cut several times with knives. Another white man, Lolie Speight, went to the assistance of the officer and was also seriously cut. A posse captured three of the negroes and brought them here to jail Sunday evening. Constable Bryan died later of his injuries.

TWINKLINGS.

— "He laughs best who laughs last." "I don't know. It's mighty dismal business getting off a joke and having to laugh at it yourself because nobody else does."—*Chicago Record.*

— The Horrors of Mendicancy: "This," said Tuff Knutt, as he began his meal on the back porch with the quarter section of pie the good woman of the house had handed out, "is the enterin' wedge."—*Chicago Times.*

— When little Billy, the parson's son, saw the chickens that were suffering from the gapes, he ventured the opinion: "P'raps, pa, they've been saying over some of your sermons out here in the yard."—*Boston Transcript.*

— "Well, I see you've moved. Did those people you employed do a good job?" "Fine. They broke only five mirrors out of a possible six, and I think I can have the plastering they knocked off replaced at an outlay of not more than $45."—*Chicago News.*

— While the landlady and the boarders bent their heads devoutly above the table the new arrival sat bolt upright. The good landlady was shocked. "Atheism?" she sharply asked. "No, ma'am," said the new boarder, "boil!"—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Little Harvey detests peas. He will not eat them at home under any circumstances. The other day he dined out, and on his return home his mother asked him: "Harvey, were you polite at Mrs. Chadwick's." "Oh yes, mamma," replied Harvey. "I let them help me to peas twice."—*Harper's Bazaar.*

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

BUTTERFLIES.

Out in the churchyard the grass grew deep
Where the peaceful dead were lying.
Over their quiet and holy sleep
The butterflies white were flying.
And one little child was playing there
In the churchyard sunny and still.
He wandered away in his innocent play
From the little white house on the hill.
"Butterflies, butterflies!" cried the child
As he played on the grassy sod.
"You're the souls of the little dead children here
Fluttering up to God!"

Out in the churchyard a place new made
Waits for the innocent dead.
Still, for the dear little sleeper, there
Waited his quiet bed.
And a long farewell they say over him,
With kisses on lip and brow,
And with flowers sweet at head and feet,
He goes from his mother now.
Butterflies flutter above her head
As she kneels on the grassy sod,
And the little white soul of her precious one
Flutters away to God.
—Amelia Sanford in Ladies' Home Journal.

GOTHAM'S RARE BEAUTIES.

Nothing In the Old World to Match the Charm of the City.

I do not think that as a class New Yorkers have taken a just pride in their city in the past, and I am sure they have thereby lost something well worth having. Perhaps in a measure this failure can be laid at the door of the official corruption that has disgraced it; perhaps in even a larger sense the failure is to blame for the corruption. Let that pass. I have seen some of the world's great cities, some of them famed for their beauty, and this I know—that I have come back each time more impressed with the conviction that there is none of them that can compare with New York in point of natural advantages and real attractiveness.

When, two or three years ago, I had returned from a summer spent in northern Europe, I used to go every day for a month from my office in Mulberry street over to the corner of Broadway and Houston street on purpose to look up and down Broadway and get the view of that royal thoroughfare to Grace church on the north, with every detail of its beautiful gray spire standing forth clear and distinct in the sparkling October air, and south two full miles to the tall buildings about Bowling Green. I did not tire of admiring the brilliancy of the atmosphere, which seemed little less than a revelation after the heavy sultriness of London's streets or Hamburg's or Copenhagen's.

I have never seen such sunsets on sea or land as are to be had any fine summer evening from the rear end of an East river ferryboat, with the towers and roofs of the city clear in outline and color, without the smudge of Chicago or London or Cincinnati, against a background of orange and pink and purple, blending in warm and changing tints as the sun sinks deeper behind the Palisades. And where is there a view like that of our matchless harbor, sailing up through the Narrows on a bright morning? The vaunted waterways of foreign ports become tame beside this majestic stream, in which the navies of the world might lie at anchor, with elbow room and to spare. The picture is not without its reverse, of course—where is there one that has none?—and it may be that in our new eagerness to render it tolerable we have not given ourselves time sufficiently to admire that which is really admirable. If so, we have at least the knowledge to comfort us that the effort has borne fruit. The better New York is already a creditable and gratifying fact.—Jacob A. Riis in Century.

Trouble With the Cash Register.

There were three in one party and two in the other. They were standing before the white aproned dispenser of refreshments, and one of the three invited the entire party to have something. The dispenser dealt out the order of the three, took the dollar offered in payment and handed back 35 cents in change. The other two, standing a short distance away, were not served, as there was a mistake on the part of the cashier. The bill amounted to less than a quarter according to the refreshments served the three. The host examined his coin and then looked surprised and grieved.

"I gave you a dollar," he said.

"Was it a dollar? How much change did I give you?"

"Thirty-five cents."

"Well, I will have to wait until somebody buys. I don't dare to open the register, as there is no false balance on it. Every time I open it it means a purchase charged to me. Sorry, but we will have to wait."

The man to whom the change was coming stood by and waited until a cash purchase was made before he could get his money. He was the only one in the party who did not enjoy the situation. He remarked gloomily that he never had much use for cash registers anyway.—Chicago Chronicle.

Perplexed About Change.

Coming down in a Twelfth street car, an old lady tendered the conductor a 3 cent piece under the impression that it was a dime and received a nickel in change. The conductor, however, discovered his error immediately after, and going back to the old lady explained the circumstance. After convincing her with much argument that she had only given him 3 cents, the conductor returned the coin, and the old lady handed him the nickel. "Let me have your fare, please," demanded the conductor. The old lady looked aghast. "Why, I just gave you 5 cents," she retorted, now firmly convinced that she was being bunkoed. "Yes, I know," replied the conductor, who was also getting slightly twisted, "but that was the nickel I gave you in change for your 3 cent piece. "Well, I paid you, didn't I?" remonstrated the old lady. "But that was the money I gave you." "Well, you've got it now, haven't you?" The conductor lacked the eloquence to explain the situation, and at Market street they were still haggling about it.—Philadelphia Record.

Jews Live Longer Than Gentiles.

The vital statistics of London are the authority for the statement that on an average the life of a Jew in that city is twice that of a gentile. Dr. B. W. Richardson says that the Jews of that city are exceptionally free from disease, and Virchow says that the race "has at all times been distinguished by great tenacity of life. Consumption is scarcely known among the Jews, and suicide is three fourths less frequent among them than it is among gentiles."

The acacia has for a long time been regarded in the east as the emblem of concealed love. The notion is purely fanciful, for there is nothing about the plant to suggest the idea.

In most states 60 pounds make a legal bushel of peas. In Arkansas the weight is 46 pounds.

The Postman Knew What Was Wanted.

The man with a letter to post saw the postman already at the box down the street and ran toward him. As he approached the postman the latter held out his hand without looking around.

"How did you know I had a letter to post?" asked the man.

The postman laughed.

"I have heard running feet behind me too often not to know what the sound means," he said. "When I hear some one start to run suddenly who is running my way, I know what is wanted and am ready when the runner stops."

And with that he closed his letter bag and hurried on to the next letter box, and the man who had posted the letter went home. — New York Sun.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District,

Onslow, at Swansboro, May 13-14.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Haw Branch, May 16.
Kenansville Circuit, at Charity, May 20-21.
Scott's Hill, at Prospect, May 27.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, 11 A. M., June 4.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, June 4.
Magnolia, Providence, June 10-11.
Burgaw, Herring's Chapel, June 17-18.
Southport, (District Conference), June 21-25.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.

R. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

Curious Customs of Oregon Coons.

A California correspondent of Forest and Stream tells about "trooping coons" on the Columbia river. The coons gather in troops of from 3 to 25 or more after a night's playing and feeding, and make their way over a well worn trail to the home tree or cavern, the females leading and the males following, clawing one another for first place.

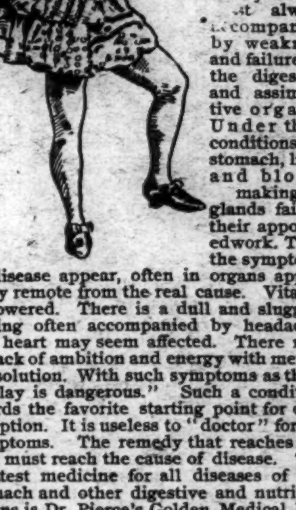
The skilled troop hunter follows the trail of a single coon till he comes to the main trail. To follow a single coon requires the keenest of eyes and a wide knowledge of the habits of the animals, since frequently even a skillful tracker loses the train for rods at a stretch. To get before a big troop of coons is a difficult matter, requiring luck added to woodcraft.

Once the hunter gets before the troop he waits till the beasts come within good range, when he fires his rifle. Thereupon the females turn and go rushing back on their trail, scrambling over the males in a way that astonishes them and makes them blink. The males take to the branches of nearby trees. Then the hunter shoots all he can see one by one. Three men have in that way bagged as many as 25 coons on a hunt, it is said.

On bright moonlight nights the coons may sometimes be shot from a boat. They are very fond of frogs, and come along the river bank in their search for them, as well as for mussels and other water delicacies. Their presence is betrayed by the waves they make, but as muskrats make similar waves a strong jack light is often useful.

"May good digestion wait on appetite and health on both."

That sentence from Shakespeare is a genuine benediction of the body. In this as in so many other things the intuition of his mighty mind seems to have fathomed the facts which science has slowly discovered.



Science has shown that disease in any part of the body is almost always accompanied by weakness and failure of the digestive and assimilative organs. Under these conditions the stomach, liver and blood-making glands fail in their appointed work. Then the symptoms of disease appear, often in organs apparently remote from the real cause. Vitality is lowered. There is a dull and sluggish feeling often accompanied by headache. The heart may seem affected. There may be lack of ambition and energy with mental irresolution. With such symptoms as these "delay is dangerous." Such a condition affords the favorite starting point for consumption. It is useless to "doctor" for the symptoms. The remedy that reaches the case must reach the cause of disease. The greatest medicine for all diseases of the stomach and other digestive and nutritive organs is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It restores the appetite, re-establishes a sound digestion, purges out the bilious poisons which infect the blood, carries off waste and builds up sound and healthy tissues. The "Discovery" is not a stimulant. It contains no alcohol or whisky. No other medicine has so great a record of cures, therefore accept no substitute.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ꝑ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ꝑ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ꝑ ℔	6½	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ꝑ ℔	5¼	@	5½
Shoulders ꝑ ℔	6	@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 35
BEESWAX ꝑ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ꝑ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ꝑ ℔	12½	@	15
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	52	@	55
COTTON TIES—ꝑ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—ꝑ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—ꝑ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—ꝑ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ꝑ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ꝑ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—ꝑ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ꝑ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ꝑ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ꝑ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ꝑ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ꝑ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ꝑ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ꝑ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ꝑ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ꝑ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—ꝑ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—ꝑ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—ꝑ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	50
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—ꝑ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ꝑ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	60	@	80
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ꝑ ℔	1½	@	1¾
LARD, ꝑ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ꝑ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ꝑ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ꝑ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ꝑ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ꝑ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ꝑ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ꝑ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ꝑ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ꝑ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5½
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ꝑ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ꝑ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ꝑ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
ꝑ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ꝑ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ꝑ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at 39 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 38½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for strained and $1.00 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.40 for Dip and $2.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½@26c; rosin, nothing doing; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine firm at $1.25, $1.80 @1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	57
Rosin	392
Tar	72
Crude Turpentine	24

Receipts same day last year.—90 casks spirits turpentine, 1,266 bbls rosin, 552 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5⅝ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts ꝑ ℔
Good Ordinary	4 13-16 " "
Low Middling	5 7-16 " "
Middling	5⅝
Good Middling	6 3-16 " "

Same day last year middling 6c.

Receipts—48 bales; same day last year, 160.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, 75 to 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 85c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55 to 60c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 82½ to 85c.

CORN—Firm: 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Money on call was firmer at 3½@6 per cent., the last loan being at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for demand and 485@485¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 486@486½ and 488@488½. Commercial bills 484. Silver certificates 61¼@62¾. Bar silver 61⅞. Mexican dollars 48¾. Government bonds strong. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. 2's, registered, 99½; U. S. 3's, registered, 108¼; do. coupon, 108¼; U. S. new 4's, registered, 129; do. coupon, 129½; U. S. old 4's, registered, 112½; do coupon, 113¼; U.S. 5's, registered, 112; do. coupon, 112; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railway 5's 109¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 69; Chesapeake & Ohio 25; Manhattan L 109; N. Y. Central 131⅜; Reading 20¼; do. 1st preferred 55⅜; St. Paul 122¼; do. preferred 168½; Southern Railway 11⅛; do. preferred 50¼; American Tobacco 195; do. preferred 140; People's Gas 117¾; Sugar 146½; do. preferred 116¼; T. C. & Iron 56¼; U. S. Leather 6⅛; do. preferred 68⅛; Western Union 90¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine easy at 43½@44c.

CHARLESTON, May 9.—Spirits turpentine steady; nothing doing. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, May 9.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 39c; sales 1,151 casks; receipts 1,960 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,823 barrels; receipts 4,657 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The attitude of traders was practically unchanged to-day, both bulls and bears holding off for to-morrow's bureau report. The market made a steady advance of one to three points and continued to improve during the first hour on foreign buying orders, scattering demand from shorts and bullish European cables. As the session progressed, profit-taking set in at various times, but shorts in every instance readily absorbed this cotton. The heavy break in the stock market cut little figure as an influence, but attracted widespread individual interest. The weekly weather statement from Washington was given a slightly bullish construction which was later intensified by reports of a rapid rise in the Arkansas river to a point far above the danger line, and by a forecast for rains in the Southwest. Conflicting accounts regarding the condition of the plant were received, the Eastern districts reporting backwardness, while in the West fair progress was being made in all respects. Port and interior receipts were quite heavy, but this fact made but little or no impression on local sentiment. The Liverpool market for spot cotton was again active and firm, the sales reaching 15,000 bales on the open market, a considerable portion of which passed into the hands of continental spinners. The market closed quiet and steady, with prices one to three points net higher.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6¼c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; May 5.86c, June 5.88c, July 5.92c, August 5.94c, September 5.92c, October 5.94c, November 5.93c, December 6.00c, January 6.03c, February 6.06c, March 6.10c.

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; middling uplands 6¼c; middling gulf 6½c; sales 25 bales.

Net receipts 870 bales; gross receipts 1,846 bales; sales 25 bales; exports to Great Britain 538 bales; exports to the Continent 178 bales; stock 222,232 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 13,388 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,157 bales; exports to France 27 bales; exports to the Continent 827 bales; stock 741,440 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 30,300 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,407 bales; exports to France 27 bales; exports to the Continent 9,560 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,952,333 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,259,171 bales; exports to France 692,179 bales; exports to the Continent 2,514,111 bales.

May 9.—Galveston, steady at 5 15-16c, net receipts 6,031 bales; Norfolk, dull at 5⅞c, net receipts 1,974 bales; Baltimore, steady at 6¼c, net receipts 355 bales; Boston, quiet at 6¼c, net receipts 239 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 5⅝c, net receipts 48 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6½c, net receipts 53 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5⅞, net receipts 1,925 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 1,516 bales; Mobile, steady at 5 11-16c, net receipts 11 bales; Memphis, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 1,199 bales; Augusta, steady at 6⅛, net receipts 8 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5⅞, net receipts 82 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, May 9.—Flour was neglected but more steadily held. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 84½c; options opened firm on the Michigan State report, and after a midday season of depression following long sales, recovered again; shorts were alarmed over a reported settlement of the Buffalo strike, bullish rumors on the government report and less favorable Southwestern news; the close was steady at ¼@½c net advance; sales included: No. 2 red May closed 78⅝c; July closed 77c; September closed 76c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 40½@40⅝c; options opened steady with wheat and held firm most of the session on favorable Buffalo strike news and export rumors; closed firm and ⅛@¼c net higher; May closed 38⅝c; July closed 38⅛c; September closed 38⅞c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 31c; options slow. Lard weak; Western steam $5 25; refined weak. Pork quiet. Butter firm; Western creamery 14@17c; State dairy 13@16c. Cheese steady; large white 19 Rice firm. Potatoes steady; New York $1 25@2 00; Jersey sweets $1 25@2 25. Cotton seed oil steady. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; mild quiet and steady. Sugar—Raw steady; refined firm.

CHICAGO, May 9.—Prospects to day of an early settlement of the strike at Buffalo and sentiment among the traders that the government crop tomorrow would be bullish, strengthened wheat July closed with a gain of ¼@½c. Corn advanced ⅛c. Oats lost ⅛@¼c, pork declined 10c, lard 7½@10c, and ribs 5c

CHICAGO, May 9.—Cash quotations. Flour quiet and easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring 71¼@72¼; No.3 do. 66¼@71¼; No. 2 red 74¼@76¼c. Corn—No. 2 32½c. Oats—No. 2, 26½; No. 2 white, free on board, 29@30c; No. 3 white 28½@29½c. Pork, per bbl, $8 40@8 45. Lard, per 100 lbs, $4 97½@5 00. Short rib sides, loose, $4 40@4 70. Dry salted shoulders, $4 25@4 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 80@4 95 Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 26.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, May 70⅞@71, 71¼, 70⅜, 71¼; July 71⅞@72, 72½@72⅝, 71⅜, 72½@72½c; September 71½@71⅝, 72, 71, 71⅞c. Corn—May 32@32¼, 32½, 31⅝, 32½; July 32⅞@33, 33⅜, 32⅞, 33¼c; September 33¼, 33⅜, 33, 33¼c. Oats—No. 2 May 26, 26, 25¼, 25¼; July 23⅛@23¼, 23½, 22⅝, 22⅞c; September 21, 21, 20⅜, 20⅞c. Pork, per bbl—July $8 55, 8 60, 8 47½, 8 50; September $8 70, 8 75, 8 61¼, 8 65. Lard, per 100 lbs—July $5 10, 5 10, 5 00, 5 02½; September $5 22½, 5 22½, 5 12½, 5 15. Ribs, per 100 lbs—July $4 67½, 4 70, 4 65, 4 65; September $4 82½, 4 82½, 4 77½, 4 77½.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat steady—Spot 74⅞@75⅛c; month 74⅞@75⅛c; June 75@75⅛c; July 75½c asked. Southern wheat by sample 70@76c. Corn dull and easier—Spot 37¼@37⅜c; month 37⅛@37⅜c; June 37⅛@37⅜c; July 37⅜c. Southern white corn 41½@42c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 white 34½c; No. 2 mixed 32c. Lettuce steady at 40@50c per bushel box.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, May 9, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, good business done; prices unchanged. American middling 3 13-32d. The sales of the day were 15,000 bales, of which 2,000 were for speculation and export and included 14,800 bales American. Receipts 20,000 bales, including 16,800 American.

Futures opened and closed steady at the advance. American middling (l. m. c.) May 3 22-64d seller; May and June 3 22-64d seller; June and July 3 22-64@3 23-64d seller; July and August 3 23-64d seller; August and September 3 22-64@3 23 64d buyer; September and October 3 22-64@3 23-64d seller; October and November 3 21-64@3 22-64d buyer; November and December 3 21-64d buyer; December and January 3 21-64d buyer; January and February 3 21-64@3 22-64d seller; February and March 3 22-64d seller; March and April 3 22 64@3 23-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Oneida, 1,091 tons, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Ward, Clear Run, James Madden.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., May 10, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

B I Hazard, 373 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Lavinia M Snow, 315 tons, Hinkley, J T Riley & Co.
Chas D Hall, 329 tons, Falkenburg, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
John W. Hall, 329 tons, Boone, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Venetia (Br) 2,333 tons, MacDougal, Heide & Co.

BARQUES.

Victor (Nor) 614 tons, Ostvik, Heide & Co.
Norden (Swed) 443 tons, Hamberg, Heide & Co.
Argus (Nor) 572 tons, Nielsen, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, Jones, 538 tons, Navassa Guano Co.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

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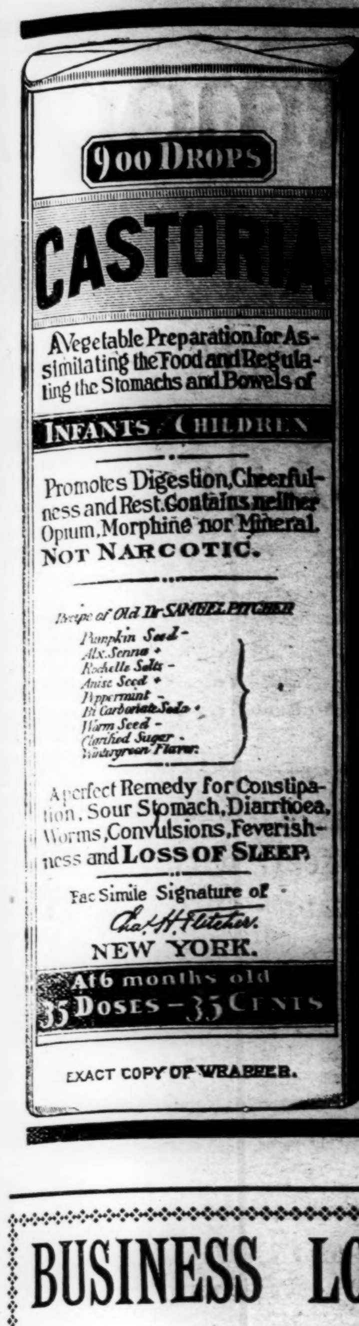
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WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

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Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.



NOTICE.—The Horse and Mule season is never over with me. I've got 'em and lots of 'em. For sale or hire at prices to suit the times. One big pair of five-year old Mules, weight 2,500 pounds. I also call your attention to a lot of one and two-horse Wagons, Cart Wheels, Axles and FOUR-WHEEL DRAYS. Something new; never offered here before.

Call and see me and I'll do business with you.

F. T. MILLS.

apr 26 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
A. W. LIVERMORE, Patos.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary. ian 1 tf

Removal.

J. E COWELL has removed his Barber Shop to Second street, between Market and Princess, corner Purcell alley. ma 10 tf

Linguistic Atrocities.

The foreigner is so apt to incessantly and mercilessly criticise America and Americans that little heed is now usually given to his opinions. However, not all that he says is born of insularity or prejudice, and we might with profit lend an attentive ear to some of his carpings. For example, after having struggled with the intricacies and absurdities of the English grammar and mastered the singulars and plurals of a few verbs, the foreigner, in the hope of improving his English, listens attentively to the conversation of the average American, to find even in polite circles that presumably educated people are prone to say "he don't," "the man who don't," "I ses," and other like verbal inelegancies. When he asks for some explanation of an American who is not guilty of such linguistic atrocities, pray what can the American say for his countryman? In some households where children are carefully trained they are never permitted to contract do not and does not into don't and doesn't, and if this rule obtained in all homes and schools the average American would get along more harmoniously with his verbs, for, although he may now say "he don't," it is inconceivable that he would say "he do not."

If, also, school children in the lower walks of life were forbidden to include "ses" in their vocabulary they would be compelled to rearrange reports of dialogues between themselves and others so as to wholly eliminate that now much overworked phrase "ses I." If the foregoing appears to be an exaggerated view of American verbal shortcomings, a few days of observation will convince any skeptic that grammatical violation is one of the most common forms of inelegance among us.—Vogue.

Won His Bet.

A bewildered looking farmer stood in the center of Haymarket square looking at the trolley wire.

The electric car came along and slowed up. They rang the bell and shouted at him and ordered him to move. He still kept looking at the wire and making inarticulate sounds with his lips.

"Get off the earth, you Jersey calf!" shouted the motorman.

The old man was fairly bumped by the slow moving car before he moved.

Then he jumped and said: "I did it, by thunder! Where's my money?"

He looked around cautiously, and then he said: "You seen a red faced feller with a white mustache waxed? I want him. He bet me $5 I couldn't look at that ere wire three minutes and count 200. I've done it."

"Did you put up the money?"

"Sure," was the reply.

"Dingdong!" went the bell.—Lewiston Journal.

His Excuse.

Mrs. Farmer—Why do you walk the roads in this aimless manner year in and year out?

Weary Watkins—Because I ain't got no bicycle.—Indianapolis Journal.

A NEW RECRUIT.

A lean, lank, half starved looking individual made his appearance one day early in 1863 at a recruiting office in an eastern city and expressed a desire to "go for a soldier."

He was accepted and sent at once to join his regiment, and within a week after his enlistment was at work in uniform learning to be a soldier. He was slow in acquiring a knowledge of his duties and was constantly doing absurd things. He got into the general's tent one day by mistake, and on repeated occasions got lost in the other regiments of the division. His captain was somewhat irritable at best and much inclined to be exacting. He conceived a violent dislike for the "new man," as he was commonly called, and for a month or more made his life miserable. Nothing that the recruit could do pleased him. He did not stand square in the ranks, nor sit erect at his meals, nor do anything, in fact, as the captain wanted it done. The "new man" bore it all patiently, but sometimes it was observed that his face grew pale under the captain's reproof and that his eyes burned like coals of fire.

He got through somehow at last with his preliminary training and was taken up finally on the morning report as a private and on the next day marched on guard. Unfortunately his captain marched on the same morning as officer of the day. The "new man" was placed on an outpost of the camp guard and at once began walking his beat industriously in the hot sun, repeating quietly to himself as he went back and forth the special instructions that had been given him in order that he might be ready to "rattle them off," he said, if any of the officers should come around and ask for them. Some time late in the afternoon the officer of the day approached him, and after acknowledging his salute directed him to repeat his instructions.

"I allows no one to monkey around here," said the "new man."

"What's that?" exclaimed the officer of the day severely.

"I allows no one to monkey around here," repeated the sentinel in a much louder tone. "I allows"—

"What's that? What's that?" repeated the officer of the day, his voice pitched at a high key.

The sentinel instantly dropped his rifle to the order, and rising on his toes fairly screamed:

"I allows no one to monkey around here. I told you so before. I've forgot the rest of it, but"—

"That will do! That will do!" exclaimed the officer of the day sharply. "Call the corporal of the guard."

"I don't know his name," replied the sentinel.

"Call the corporal of the guard," persisted the officer of the day, and after some further emphatic instructions from the captain a cry went up for the "corporal of the guard, post No. 4."

The corporal came promptly, and the sentinel soon after found himself disarmed, stripped of his equipments and a prisoner in the guard tent. On investigation it was found, principally through the statement of the prisoner himself, that the instructions he had attempted to give to the officer of the day had been communicated to him as correct by some roguish comrade. He was therefore released from confinement at length and again trusted with a sentinel's post. It was nearly midnight when the officer of the day again approached him. He very promptly challenged, and on receiving the reply, "Officer of the day," again astonished the captain by a cordial "Thank you; please advance, sir, and be reconciled."

This was too much of a draft upon both the dignity of the captain and the discipline of the service, and the sentinel found himself speedily a prisoner once more in the guard tent. Again, on investigation it was discovered, principally, as before, on the prisoner's own evidence, that the comrades of the "new man" had been playing tricks on him, and approaching his post after dark had announced themselves as the "officer of the day" or the "commanding officer," as suited their fancy. He was therefore again released and once more placed on post.

Just before daylight the officer of the day made the "rounds" of the sentinels, and on approaching "No. 4" found the "new man" on the post. As he advanced to give the countersign the sentinel brought his rifle down upon him, and in a very quiet, decided tone of voice directed him to hold up his hands or he would kill him where he stood. The captain turned about instantly and started to run. He had scarcely taken a dozen steps, however, before the sentinel overtook him and seizing him by the collar threw him violently to the ground.

"I don't want to shoot you," he said. "It would make too much noise. But I want to tell you before I bid you goodby what a miserable, contemptible piece of humanity you are. I can scarcely resist the temptation to stick my bayonet into you. You are a heartless, petty tyrant and deserve hanging. I can't kill you, you know," he went on, "because it wouldn't be fair. Some time we can have it out on more equal conditions. My home is in Georgia," he said, "just two miles from Milledgeville. My name is Dawson, and any one in town can tell you where I live. I have paid you a visit in the interest of the Confederate cause, and you will have to get another soldier in my place. Goodby, old man; goodby."

He turned about and quickly disappeared in the darkness. The captain sprang at once to his feet and called lustily for the guard. A lieutenant and squad of men came running to the spot, and by direction of the officer of the day moved forward rapidly in search of the sentinel. The commanding officer of the camp was hurriedly informed of the occurrence, and a strong detachment of cavalry was dispatched to join in the pursuit. The whole day was spent in the search, but no trace whatever of the man could be found.

The colonel's black riding mare was missing from the picket line in the morning, and near where she had stood a plain white card was found fastened to a fence post by a pin, on the back of which had been written in a plain, bold hand: "Goodby, Yanks. We shall meet again."—Chicago Tribune.

Dressing a Cod.

The dressing of codfish is an operation requiring skill and rapidity. A man called the "throater" cuts the fish's throat and rips it open and passes it to the "header," who removes the head and entrails. The "splitter" then splits the fish open and takes out a part of the backbone, and the "salter" piles up the fish in tiers in the hold of the boat and salts them.

The Other Meaning.

"They say Brown is married to a new woman."

"Yes, I believe this is his fifth."—Cleveland Leader.

Trees.

Authorities on forestry say that 75 years are required for the oak to reach maturity; for the ash, larch and elm, about the same length of time; for the spruce and fir, about 80 years. After this time their growth remains stationary for some years, and then decay begins. There are, however, some exceptions to this, for oaks are still living which are known to be 1,000 years old.

Roosevelt's Pluck.

When Theodore Roosevelt, who learned to ride bronchos in the west, mounted one of the animals for the first time, a lot of people gathered about to see the "tenderfoot" discomfited. Sure enough, Mr. Roosevelt went off at the first jump and fell heavily. To the surprise of all he insisted on trying it again, however, and this time staid on until the animal was conquered. Then when he dismounted he promptly fainted. It was found that his fall had broken one of his ribs.

A Soft Answer.

His New Mamma-in-law—I trust, my dear son, that you never indulge in that pernicious habit of going out between the acts for a drink of intoxicants?

The Bridegroom—Why, my dear mamma, you didn't think I had it brought in, did you?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The scarlet fuchsia is symbolic of good taste. There is nothing prettier than a bed of these flowers, the brilliancy of their hue being admirably set off by the green of their foliage.

WOMEN IN SWITZERLAND.

As They Are Seen In the Hayfields—Supporters of Families.

We saw women hay carriers in the Val de Bregaglia. The hay is carried in a huge basket, adjusted to the back by a leather strap over the shoulders. As they walk, painfully stooped under these great burdens, they look like moving stacks. Sometimes the hay is carried in great squares of canvas, tied at the four corners. Young children are bowed and prematurely aged by the bearing of these weights on neck and head, when their strength is so little commensurate to the task.

Most of the hay harvesting in the Engadine is done by Italians, who swarm over the Alps to obtain summer employment. But Swiss women also are sadly aged and stiffened and rendered prematurely ugly by field labor. Go where you may in the mountains, most of the hard work seems to be performed by the weaker half of creation. No animal in lovely Switzerland is more hardly treated, with the exception of the dog. To be sure, a woman is often harnessed with a dog to a heavy cart, while another woman pushes from behind, but I have never seen the woman lie down in the dust and pant from exhaustion, with the tongue hanging from the mouth, as I have often seen the dog do. Manifestly, the dog is still undermost in the competition of woman with the lower animals.

It is a pretty sight to see maidens tossing hay in the bright green valleys, under snow peaks, where waterfalls stream from the rocks and glad torrents rush over their pebbly beds, but the hideous fact of woman's enslavement to labor too hard for her strength is hidden under the smiling tableau. Some who shudder at the thought of a woman dropping a ballot into a voting urn can look calmly on at her sad position in the European labor market, can see without trouble of soul, as I have, in prosperous Canon Bern, a woman harnessed with a cow and dragging a load of manure. The Swiss women, judging from appearances, seem to be the supporters instead of the supported. They are active and indefatigable in labor. They even carry bricks and mortar for the builders up narrow planks and steep ladders. The unfittest doubtless die young, which is a happy provision of nature, while the fittest grow rigid and stiff, toughened like seasoned hickory, with bowed backs, muscles of whipcord and faces such as one sees curiously carved on walnuts. The men are doubtless laborious, but their labor seems less in evidence than the labor of the women. Nature is inexorable in these mountains, but her stinging lash falls most heavily on the shoulders of the woman.

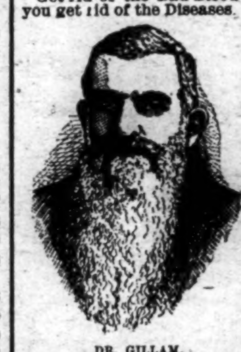
The national costumes have faded out of the Engadine, if they ever existed there. The people are a plain, sturdy, sober folk, thrifty, too, in their way, but joyless of aspect. In other parts of Switzerland, where a few years ago the costumes of the different cantons were preserved by the women waiters at hotels, you now see only plain black gowns and white aprons. There are pretty silver ornaments in the shop windows, and occasionally on a Sunday they appear in the streets on the person of some Swiss dame. But they are fast fading out of existence, and more's the pity, as they are very pretty and becoming.—Christian Register.

BLOOD CURE Sent Free!

A Cure for Blood and Skin Diseases, Eczema, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Poison, Cancer, Kidney Trouble.

MEDICINE SENT ALL CHARGES PREPAID

Get rid of the Bad Blood in your system and you get rid of the Diseases. Over 30 years ago Dr. Gillam, the distinguished Atlanta specialist, discovered a scientific combination of remedies that had the effect of literally driving the poisoned, diseased matter out of the blood, bones and entire system, thus curing the disease and at the same time producing a fine constitutional effect, building up the broken down constitution. This Remedy is known as B. B. B.—(Botanic Blood Balm), and has gained a wide world renown, so that it is for sale everywhere. That every sufferer may test its wonderful curative powers, a sample bottle will be sent, free of charge, and prepaid, to anyone who writes for it. This is a liberal offer, to prove at our expense that B. B. B. cures all Blood and Skin Diseases. Thousands upon thousands have been cured, even after doctors and all other remedies had utterly failed.



DR. GILLAM.

Have You These Symptoms?

If you have old, persistent sores, pimples, distressing eruptions of the skin, painful sores on hands, arms or legs, itching sensation, irritating skin troubles, eczema, scrofula, ulcers, Blood Poison, fever sores, mercurial rheumatism, face covered with little sores, cancer or any blood taint—then give B. B. B. a trial, because B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm—is made for just such cases, and it cures, to stay cured, all stubborn blood diseases. That distressing affliction, Eczema, itching skin eruptions and burning scaly sores, is always cured by the use of two to six bottles.

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Deadly Cancer of the face, neck, legs, lip, eating cancer or sores, cured by B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm. B. B. B. cures by driving the deadly, virulent poison, which causes cancer, out of the blood. This is the only cure, and B. B. B. is the only remedy that can do this. In the same way B. B. B. cures Blood Poison, whether inherited or acquired, producing ulcers, painful swellings, blotches, pimples, copper-colored spots, falling of the hair, sores in the throat or tongue, scrofula.

How to Obtain B. B. B.

If you feel that B. B. B. is what you need, you will find large bottles for sale by all druggists for $1.00 or 6 bottles (full treatment) $5.00. For sample bottle enclose 2 stamps to pay postage and address Blood Balm Co., 149 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga., and trial bottle and medical book will be sent, all charges prepaid. Describe your trouble and we will include free medical advice.

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ANY SIZE.

OUR DOUBLE SEAMED **Flues** Are the best on the market

Save Fuel and lessen the danger of fire.

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I HAVE BEEN IN THIS CITY FOR MORE THAN 10 YEARS SELLING BARGAINS,

And the best proof that I sell Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing, Underwear, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Carpets and Matting CHEAPER than can be bought elsewhere is this:

I began business with a very small stock, and my trade has increased every year until now. I do not come second to any, but I lead the procession in a big stock, best assortment, lowest price and the largest crowd. I ask that you join the procession of happy customers who buy for cash and get Bargains every time.

Our Millinery.

This department is what interests the ladies. We are sending Hats by express all over the country. We have lots of mail orders, and we please all customers or refund the money.

We sell Trimmed Hats, all styles and prices, from 30c to $15.00.

We can please the humble and the fastidious.

We have on hand 2,000 bunches of Flowers, Violets, Foliage, Lilies and every other style.

Beautiful bunch of Violets from 3c to 75c

Roses from 5c to 98c.

Lilacs at 18c.

Corn Flowers at 22c.

Ribbon from 1c to $1.00; 3,000 rolls to select from.

Silk Veiling from 8c to 35c.

Hats every style, every shape, all grades.

One thousand Sailors from 5c to $1.50; all the new styles.

The new Rough Straw sailors at 25c in black only, and 50c in white, black and blue.

All styles in Beauty Pins, Waist Sets, Stick Pins.

Silk Parasols in plain Silk from $1.25 up to $2.50; Children's from 25c to 98c.

We handle all the new things in Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Dress Linings.

The new Silk Linings at 15c.

Our house is full of Bargains we have no room to mention.

Come to Wilmington's Big Racket Store and do your trading, and get your card punched with every cash purchase, and get a valuable present free.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor,

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Ask for Tivoli Hofbrau,

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Call at the Bank for regulations.

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Now is the Time to Buy a Camera.

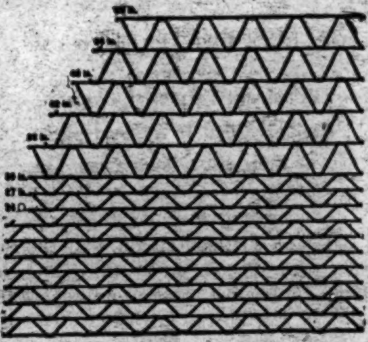
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IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

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SEABOARD AIR LINE

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North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:05 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:48 A. M., Maxton 9.06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

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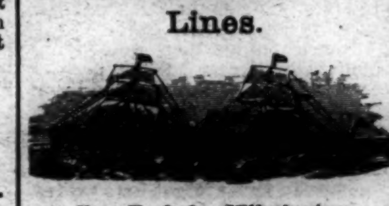
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Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..........Saturday, May 6
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ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar......Wilmington......Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv......Fayetteville......Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar......Fayetteville......Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv......Sanford......Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv......Climax......Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv......Greensboro......Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar......Greensboro......Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv......Stokesdale......Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv......Walnut Cove......Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv......Rural Hall......Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv......Mt. Airy......Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 64.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv......Bennettsville......Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv......Maxton......Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv......Red Springs......Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv......Hope Mills......Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar......Fayetteville......Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46 South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	No. 47. North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar......Ramseur......Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv......Climax......Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv......Greensboro......Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar......Greensboro......Lv	9 35 a m
11 15 p m	Lv......Stokesdale......Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv......Madison......Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect April 17, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.05 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 A. M., Warsaw 11.12 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.39 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.46 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M., Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.54 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M., Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.19 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9 30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11 22 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.50 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.24 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.09 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.29 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M., 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.50 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M., Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M., 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M., Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.18 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
apr 18 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern........	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City.	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

FOR SALE.

100 bbls New River Mullets.
200 bags Coffee.
250 boxes Job Tobacco,

And lots of other goods. Write for prices or samples.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

ma 19 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 10.

THE CONDITION OF CROPS.

Weather Generally Favorable — Cotton Has Made Satisfactory Progress—Tobacco Doing Well.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The Weather Bureau's summary of the crop conditions of this country, issued this afternoon, is as follows:

"In the Lake region and in the States of Ohio, central and upper Mississippi valleys, the Carolinas and Texas the weather conditions of the week ending May 8th, 1899, have been generally favorable to crops. General favorable conditions have also continued in the Middle Atlantic States and the Missouri valley, but in portions of the first named district it has been too dry, and in the latter too cool for best results. In the Central Gulf States the absence of rain has intensified the droughty conditions reported in the preceding week, and crops are beginning to suffer. Drought also prevails in Florida, central and Southern Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico, and rains would prove beneficial in New England, while excessive rains have interrupted farm work in Oklahoma, North Dakota and Minnesota. In the Rocky Mountain and Pacific coast regions the week has been much too cool, a severe 'norther' on the second and third causing heavy loss of calves and lambs in Montana. Frosts in the Rocky Mountain region were destructive to fruit, and while light to heavy frosts occurred in New England and portions of the Middle Atlantic States and California the damage was not serious.

"Cotton planting continues over the northern portions of the cotton belt and the early planted has made favorable progress over the southern and central portions. Rain is needed in South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana, while washing-out by rains has necessitated re-planting in Northern Texas. In Oklahoma planting has been delayed by the heavy rains.

"Tobacco is doing well in the Carolinas, but is needing rain in Florida. Tobacco plants in beds are growing well and are generally abundant in the Ohio valley, Middle Atlantic States and New England, although scarce in some sections of Virginia and Maryland.

HOSTILITIES SUSPENDED.

Latest Advices From Apia—Everything Quiet Pending the Arrival of the Joint Commission.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

APIA, SAMOA, May, via Auckland, May 9.—Everything is quiet on the island. Operations have been suspended pending the arrival of the joint commissioners from San Francisco.

After the cessation of hostilities a detachment of British soldiers visited the battlefield of Vailima, where they recovered an American machine gun that had been captured by the rebels. The rebel forts at Lottopa and Vailima were two miles long and of great strength, being reinforced by trenches and rifle pits. It was found that several rebels had died in the trenches from the shock of bursting shells, but without having been wounded.

After the armistice had been agreed upon the rebels left the forts singing war songs of the vanquished.

The country is being scoured by the British and American soldiers in search of lead from which the natives might make bullets.

A British planter, who had been a prisoner in the hands of the rebels for six weeks, has arrived at Apia. His experience during his captivity was frightful. Many times the rebels threatened to kill him.

Captain Sturdee, the ranking British naval officer here, in company with a missionary, went through the rebel lines unmolested. They found everything quiet pending the arrival of the joint commissioners who are to arrange terms of peace.

The British third class cruiser Royalist has sailed for England by way of Sydney.

Doctor Self, the newly appointed president of the municipal council, has arrived here. He will remain inactive until the commissioners reach here with instructions.

Five officers for the cruiser Philadelphia have arrived here on board the steamer Mariposa.

TESTIMONIAL TO DEWEY.

To be Presented to the Famous Admiral Upon His Return to the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Admiral Dewey, upon his return to the United States, is to be presented with a monster testimonial, consisting of autograph letters from nearly every member of President McKinley's cabinet, Governors of States and prominent U. S. Senators.

The Secretary of the Treasury says in his opinion of Dewey that he regards him as one of the great galaxy of men who have made the American name honorable and illustrious; the Secretary of State writes that no artificial commemoration of such a victory is at all needful to preserve it forever in the American heart; the Secretary of the Navy expresses similar views; the Secretary of Agriculture reminds Americans that Dewey in a day added an archipelago to the possessions of the United States; the Secretary of War writes that he gladly adds his tribute of praise to Dewey, and the Postmaster General enthusiastically seconds the proposition to emphasize the gratitude of the people.

While Admiral Dewey will be the recipient of many honors on his return home this testimonial will be the first written evidence ever extended to him of the very widespread sentiment of admiration and gratitude on the part of Americans for the victor of Manila.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Pittsburg, 2, Cincinnati, 5.

Philadelphia, 2; Baltimore, 4.

New York, 19; Washington, 1.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

OUR TROOPS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

A Reconnoitering Party From General Lawton's Command Fired Upon.

TWO AMERICANS WOUNDED.

Instances of Personal Bravery—Captain Clay of Kentucky—The Fearlessness and Daring of Lieut. Gregg of the Fourth Infantry.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, May 9, 6:35 P. M.—A reconnoitering party from Major General Lawton's command, which consisted of two companies of the Minnesota regiment and two companies of the Oregon regiment, under command of Major Diggles, of the Minnesota regiment, advanced yesterday to a point near San Miguel, which is about twelve miles north of Balinaga. There the Americans were met with a volley from a force of rebels behind a trench. Major Diggles was wounded in the head and a private soldier was also wounded. Major Diggles and the private, together with ten typhoid patients, were brought by special train to Manila to-day.

The Don Jose, the last of the missing steamers under the American flag which were detained by the insurgents since the beginning of the war, was found by the gunboat Manila at Batangas, and arrived here to-day.

Instances of Personal Bravery.

MANILA, April 2, via San Francisco, May 9.—Instances of personal bravery have been quite as numerous in the American army in the Philippines as during the Cuban campaign, but the correspondents have not had opportunity to chronicle these deeds of daring in the Orient, because of the thickness of the country penetrated. Many heroic acts were also unheard of for days after their occurrence.

One soldier who has well illustrated the quality of the American is Captain Charles Clay, of the Seventeenth infantry. Captain Clay is a native of Lexington, Ky., and a grandson of Henry Clay. He brought new honor to the family name in Cuba, where, during the hottest action of the Santiago field, when his men were lying behind cover for a shelter from a shower of bullets, he marched back and forth in front of his company, as erect and cool as though on dress parade, nor would he yield to the appeals of the men that he find shelter. "The captain never forgot for a second that he was a Clay," one of them exclaimed.

When General Hale was assigned to a brigade in the Philippines he appointed Captain Clay to the position of adjutant. On the first day of MacArthur's advance, Captain Clay, riding erect as usual, received a bullet through the neck. He lay six hours in the jungle before he was discovered, and as the wound was a dangerous one at the best his life was despaired of. His only thought when he was brought into the hospital was that his family should be informed that he was but slightly injured. He is now, however, well on the road to complete recovery.

Among the officers who have fallen no one will be longer or more loyally remembered by his comrades than Lieutenant Gregg, of the Fourth infantry. No man in the army had more than he to make life worth living—friends, success in his profession, vitality and physical strength that made him the impersonation of an athlete and soldier. His fearlessness and confidence in his powers contributed to his death. In the beginning of the hot fight at Mariquina, which General Hale conducted with such skill that it was worthy of more attention than the overshadowing importance of MacArthur's advance permitted, Gregg was near his chief. The horse he rode had just been shot from under him. He was taking off the saddle when a man warned him that the shot had been fired by a sharpshooter in a tree nearby. Refusing to take cover, as most of the men were doing, the lieutenant stepped forward and standing erect, uncased his field-glasses to look at the tree. Just as he raised them to his eyes, a puff of smoke was seen in the tree. Gregg put his hand to his breast and fell forward, instantly killed.

DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

The United States and Great Britain Will Stand Together for the Settlement of Disputes by Arbitration.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The United States and Great Britain will stand together in the advocacy of the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration which will be presented to the Disarmament Conference at its meeting in the Hague on the sixteenth of the present month.

The American delegates, headed by Ambassador White, are equipped with a fairly well digested plan for the execution of this long cherished project, while the British delegates are prepared with a plan, which is almost identical with the American project.

The details cannot be procured for publication in advance of the presentation of the project to the conference. It is known, however, that there are essential differences between this last plan and that embodied in the treaty drafted by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote, which failed of action in the Senate when submitted for ratification. The differences are rather in the methods provided for securing an impartial adjudication than in the principles of the former conference, and it is believed that on these points the British and American propositions are not precisely similar.

Other points upon which the delegates have been instructed are correctly referred to in the cable dispatches this morning; namely, the exemption from seizure of individual property and the extension of the Red Cross rules of war to like operations at sea.

But another point in the instructions which is not mentioned in the cable dispatches is that relating to the amelioration of the horrors of war, and with this, too, the American delegates are deeply concerned. It was because of the President's interest in this subject that Captain Mahan and Captain Crozier were included in the American delegation, and the great changes in modern weapons of war which have all followed the last attempt of an international conference to treat on this subject have given the State Department encouragement to hope that something in this direction can be accomplished at the approaching conference.

A dhow with fifty slaves on board, has been wrecked off Wasseim, East Africa. Thirty of those on board were drowned.

ADULTERATION OF FOOD.

Startling Testimony at the Hearing of the Senatorial Investigation Commission in Chicago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 9.—The Senatorial Pure Food Investigating Commission to-day heard some startling testimony in regard to the adulteration of food products, which may prolong its session considerably. Professor A. S. Mitchell, chief chemist of the Wisconsin Dairy and Food Commission, made the sworn statement that nearly every butcher in Illinois used preserving liquids on scraps of meat which they laid aside for the manufacture of hamburger steak and other alleged delicacies. The chemist first told of his test of a liquid known as "freezine." Professor Mitchell said that the stuff had been used extensively by farmers to keep milk and butter, it being the custom to mix it with the former in small quantities and pour quarts of it into vats for the preservation of butter.

"This 'freezine' I have found to be nothing less than almost pure formic aldehyde," narrated the expert. "This is a chemical that acts disastrously on the tissues of the stomach and I can only surmise the results when milk diluted with it is used constantly by a family. Where butter is placed in vats filled with this drug the porous commodity takes up no small amount of the liquid, with a result that can only be conjectured."

The professor proceeded to tell of his experiments with a fluid sold extensively to butchers for the purpose of making their hamburger steaks last and keep up a healthy appearance. "This liquid contains in great percentage what is known as sulphide of soda, with a complement of coloring matter," he continued. "It is styled antifceptic, and in certain respects it is This must be borne in mind, however, that where fermentation and waste are arrested the digestive properties are consequently destroyed."

Dr. Wiley, the government expert, who examined the antiseptic without going on the stand, said he identified it as practically the same chemical which was used during his experience at a medical college to preserve cadavers, and was now occasionally put to service in disinfecting houses where smallpox patients resided.

TOWN TERRORIZED.

Fifty Masked Men Make An Attempt to Lynch Negro Criminals at Lebanon, Tennessee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEBANON, May 9.—A mob of fifty masked men terrorized this place at an early hour this morning. First the jail was visited and Ewing Hodge, who is charged with attempting to murder a white woman, was demanded. Being assured by a search of the jail that the man Hodge had been spirited away, the members turned their attention to the city work house. There, Bill Dibble and Leslie Hudgins, negroes charged with attempting to force themselves into Mrs. Mace's home, were confined and they were soon in the mob's hands. Officers attempted to interfere and in the mix up Hudgins escaped. Then Dibble was hustled into a spring wagon and started to the country. Nothing further is definitely known, but it is rumored that the negro escaped with a severe beating.

BRITISH SHIP LOST.

Five Passengers and Fifteen of the Crew Were Drowned.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ADELAIDE, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, May 9.—The British ship Loch Sloy, Captain Nicol, from Clyde, on January 5th, for Adelaide and Melbourne, was wrecked on Kangaroo island on April 24th. Five passengers and fifteen of the crew were drowned. Four of those on board the ship escaped from the wreck, but three of them are still wandering in the bush. Subsequently, two of the sailors from the Loch Sloy were saved after wandering in the bush. They were obliged to leave a passenger in the bush four days ago. He was then starving and helpless and is probably dead. The privations endured by the sailors were frightful.

LIGHT WEIGHTS FIGHT.

Decision Given to Frank Erne in His Contest With George McFadden.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—There was a large crowd to night at the Lenox Athletic Club to witness the twenty-five round encounter between Frank Erne, the Buffalo light weight, and George McFadden, of New York, who a short while ago lowered the colors of Joe Gans, the clever Baltimorean. The men weighed in at 134 pounds to battle under the Marquis of Queensberry rules. Erne was the favorite in the betting at 100 to 70. After fifteen rounds of hard fighting the referee decided the bout on points and gave the contest to Erne.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Election for Aldermen—Five Democrats and Two Republicans Chosen.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., May 6.—The election for aldermen of Elizabeth City, N. C., resulted in the choice of M. N. Sawyer, J. C. Commander, J. B. Flore, John L. Sawyer and W. H. Weatherly, white Democrats, B. F. Spence, white Republican and Bryant Freeman, colored Republican. The proposition to issue $35,000 in city bonds for public improvements was hotly contested, but was carried by forty-six majority.

EXCESSIVE EXTRAVAGANCE.

More Crookedness in Accounts in Greater New York Exposed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The commissioners of accounts made a report to Mayor Van Wyck to-day in which they charged that Jacob Worth, while clerk of Kings county, received for refiling records, $111,647 in excess of the amount which was earned by the men engaged in the work. The amount not earned is referred to by the commissioners as "excessive extravagance under Worth."

Worth is now in the south of France.

General Maximo Gomez is trying to persuade Governor General Brooke that a Cuban standing army of 15,000 is a necessary adjunct to the proper government of the island. The proposition is not likely to receive much consideration.

THE GATHERING AT CHARLESTON.

An Advance Guard of the Confederate Veterans Pouring Into the City.

THE AUDITORIUM DEDICATED.

The Reunion Begins To-day—A Hitch in Proceedings Caused by Grounding of Cruiser Raleigh—Miss Nannie Heth Sponsor for the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 9.—In gala dress of bunting and festoons of electric lights, Charleston is to night welcoming the visitors and delegates to the ninth annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans. All day the railroads have been emptying cars with hundreds of the men who wore the grey and their friends, and the little city which heard the first hostile shot of the war between the States is nobly undertaking the task of caring for a crowd which by to-morrow threatens to tax its every resource.

Facilities for forty thousand persons have been provided and the prospect is that every cot will be needed.

Streets Decorated.

The principal streets are handsomely decorated with bunting, the red white and red of the "Lost Cause" and the stars and stripes mingling fraternally. Side by side flutter Old Glory and St. Andrew's Cross, while the white palmetto of South Carolina gleams everywhere from its blue field. Most of the more distinguished ex-Confederate leaders are already in the city, among them being General Gordon, the commander-in chief of the association, Stephen D. Lee, Wade Hampton, Clement A. Evans, Cabell, Geo. P. Harrison and General Harden. General Wheeler will arrive to morrow.

Cruiser Raleigh Aground.

The re-union proper begins to morrow, the only official function scheduled for to-day being the reception of the cruiser Raleigh, which was postponed on account of the vessel's accident in going aground while coming up to the city this morning. This portion of the programme, however, will be carried out to morrow morning. The cruiser will be met by a committee headed by Mayor Smyth, who will deliver an address of welcome. A State salute will be fired from a battery manned by naval reserves, and Capt. Coghlan and his officers will be entertained at luncheon by the Carolina Yacht Club. Captain Coghlan has been invited to take formal part in the memorial exercises.

Auditorium Dedicated.

To-night the great auditorium erected especially for this occasion was formally dedicated with impressive ceremonies. Its seating capacity of 7,000 persons was taxed to hold the crowd. On the stage were seated all of the distinguished visitors and many of the leading citizens of the city. A superb choir and orchestra furnished the musical portion of the exercises and addresses were made by Mayor Smyth, General Wade Hampton, Major Theodore G. Barker and Hon. T. W. Bacot. The prayer was made by Rev. Ellison Capers, Bishop of South Carolina, and a brigadier general in the Confederate army.

To-morrow will be the first day of the reunion and the occasion will be also an observance of South Carolina Memorial day. The parade of the veterans will occur in the afternoon, at the conclusion of which memorial exercises will be held in the auditorium. General Gordon will preside and deliver an address. The Memorial address will be made by General George Moorman, of New Orleans, adjutant general of the Confederacy, and a salute will be fired by veterans of the famous Washington Artillery and Hart's Battery.

Visitors Pouring Into the City.

Probably no former reunion of the Confederate Veterans has attracted more general representation from the veterans and a larger crowd of visitors than Charleston promises to have on its hands to-morrow. For several days visitors have been coming in large numbers, while the committee estimate that 17,000 persons arrived here to night, and sixteen special trains are scheduled to arrive between midnight and to-morrow. The private houses of the city have been thrown open with true Southern hospitality, the hotels are packed, and for the accommodation of the veterans and those who are unable to pay even the moderate tariffs, several large warehouses have been equipped with cots and every convenience while the eating arrangements are equally complete.

Many social functions are in progress in honor of the distinguished visitors.

Among the arrivals to-day was Miss Nannie Randolph Heth, of Washington, who succeeds Miss Winnie Davis as sponsor of the association, her maids, Miss Caffery of Louisiana, Miss Peters of Washington, Miss Wilcox and Miss Alston of South Carolina.

A DESPERATE AFFRAY.

Four Prominent Citizens of Okolona, Mississippi, Killed in a Street Fight.

Knife and Pistols Used.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OKOLONA, MISS., May 9.—As the result of a dispute here to-night four men, among the most prominent citizens of the town, are dead. Details are confusing.

Dr. William Murphy became involved in a dispute with Charles D. Clarke over a bill which Dr. Murphy claimed Clarke owed him. The dispute became heated and a fight was precipitated. Clarke drew a knife and slashed Dr. Murphy, severing the jugular vein. Howard Murphy, son of the physician, rushed to the scene of the killing and shot Clarke to death. Walter Clarke, brother of Chas. D. Clarke, and Howard Murphy then began a duel to settle the matter. Pistols were used. The men fought viciously, the end being that both were killed.

PICKPOCKETS AT WORK.

Capt. A. A. Spitzer and Others Robbed at Columbia, S. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 6.—Pickpockets are getting in their work on the way to the Charleston re-union. Captain Arthur A. Spitzer, formerly adjutant general of the United Confederate Veterans, was at this place robbed of all his money and his railroad ticket to-day. Many kindnesses were shown him here. Another loss is that of J. A. Brown, of this county, $35. The police here have made one arrest.

CRUISER RALEIGH AGROUND.

Struck on a Shoal While Entering Charleston Harbor—Pulled Off by Tugs Late in the Day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 9.—The cruiser Raleigh, which was bound to be present at the Confederate reunion, went aground early this morning about three hundred feet outside of the south jetty. Captain Coghlan declined assistance from all tugs.

Late this afternoon when the tide filled the cruiser was pulled off and proceeded up the harbor to her anchorage. It was stated by her officers that a superficial examination disclosed no injuries to her hull.

The Raleigh was coming in with a coast pilot and the point at which she grounded is known as "North Breaker," just outside of the jetty. She went on the shoal broadside and lay easy and perfectly calm. Water and tugs had no difficulty in freeing her from her awkward position.

The accident necessitated a postponement of the official reception to the cruiser and this will be carried out to-morrow morning, according to programme.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The naval officials are not disposed to criticism by the news of the grounding of the Raleigh, the general opinion being that it is an unavoidable risk in taking a vessel of such draft as the Raleigh into a jettied harbor.

If the ship comes off without damage, it is probable that there will not be any official notice taken of the matter. Otherwise, there must be a court of inquiry to fix the responsibility.

MOLINEUX RELEASED.

Grand Jury Failed to Re-indict Him for the Murder of Mrs. Adams.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Roland Burnham Molineux, who has spent several weeks in the Toombs prison, charged with the murder of Mrs. Kate J. Adams, was discharged this afternoon, the grand jury having failed to re-indict him, and was immediately after re-arrested on a warrant charging him with assault with intent to kill in sending cyanide of mercury to Harry Cornish. Bail was fixed at $10,000.

TEXAS LEGISLATURE.

Anti-Trust Bill Passed by the Senate More Severe Than the Arkansas Law.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, May 9.—The Senate of the State Legislature to-day passed finally its anti-trust bill. When originally introduced the bill was identical with the Arkansas law. It has been materially amended however, and is decidedly the more drastic in its provisions.

WARM WIRELETS.

The third triennial assembly of the general council of the Society of Colonial Wars is in session at Baltimore.

Major John A. Logan, assistant adjutant general U. S. V., has been ordered to Atlanta, Ga., for duty as adjutant general of the Department of the Gulf.

The cruiser Charleston sailed yesterday from Hong Kong for Aparri, a port on the northern coast of the island of Luzon. The purpose of the visit to this place is not explained.

Captain G. W. Pigman has been detached from duty as inspector of ordnance at Newport News and ordered to command the cruiser Charleston on the Asiatic station.

Adolph Kauffler, doing business under the name of A. Kauffler & Co., dealers in leaf tobacco, New York have made an assignment. Liabilities $90,000; assets $105,000.

Policeman William Tyson of Norfolk, Va., became suddenly insane while on duty yesterday evening about 7 o'clock and shot, fatally wounding, J. W. Stakes, a young sign painter.

Admiral Dewey has expressed his intention of attending the 33rd annual encampment of the G. A. R. in Philadelphia next September, if he can possibly get away.

Governor Smith, of Montana, expresses himself as opposed to the war in the Philippines, as being un-American and in furtherance of a policy which he believes to be a menace to the republic itself.

The claims of the United States against the government of Morocco have been settled. The U. S. cruiser Chicago sailed from Tangier yesterday to resume her voyage around Africa.

Secretary Wilson left Washington, yesterday for New Orleans, to examine the sugar interests. From there he will proceed to a number of points in the lower Mississippi valley States for investigation of the agricultural situation.



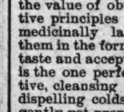
An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Two good Carpenters. Cape Fear Lumber Co. my 9 tf

Virginia Meal—Rib Meat, Flour, Corn, Sugar, Rice and Molasses are selling well now. I carry a fresh stock; the price is right. Why not order your groceries from me when shipping me your Naval Stores, Cotton, Tar, Eggs, etc.? T. D. Love, 24 North Water. my 9 tf

For Sale—A fine Milch Cow. Half Jersey and half Guinea, with young calf, giving about 15 quarts milk a day. James I. Metts. my 7 3t

I Want the public to know that I have again assumed personal control of the Livery at this point, and am fast bringing it up to a high standard and will furnish the best rigs in the section. Kindly remember Maxton is the place when in need of Livery. A. J. McKinnon. my 2 1w

Agents Wanted—For "The Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," the world's greatest naval hero. By Murat Halstead, the life-long friend and admirer of the nation's idol. Biggest and best book; over 500 pages, 8x10 inches; nearly 100 pages halftone illustrations; map in colors. Only $1.50. Enormous demand. Big commissions. Outfit free. Chance of a lifetime. Write quick. The Dominion Company, Caxton Bldg., Chicago. apr 18 1m

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef, Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness. Apply to Jno. S McEachern's Feed Store, 211 Market street. mar 19 tf

Music for receptions, balls, sociables and other entertainments furnished by John Francisco's String Band (colored). John Francisco, Italian Harpist, leader. Residence No. 204 Walnut street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 18 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 1 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to E. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington N. C. oc 30 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With resources of over $1,000,000 we guarantee safety.

Our large facilities afford every accommodation.

Loans made daily give promptness.

A desire to please ensure courteous attention.

With these facts before you we ask for your business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent. apr 30 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

Our Business Keeps on Growing,

But We are Prepared for All That Comes.

WILL SERVE YOU

Promptly, Accurately, Safely.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
apr 29 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

no 24 tf

J. W. Murchison & Co.

On May 1, 1899, Mr. W. E. PERDEW will be admitted to an interest in my Hardware business under the firm name of J. W. Murchison & Co. Mr. Perdew by strict attention to business and his thorough reliability needs no introduction to the trade.

The new firm guarantees the same prompt and reliable service which has been rendered by me.

ap 30 tf J. W. MURCHISON.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN

Investment.

LOCATION THE MOST ELIGIBLE IN THE TRUCK REGION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Entire Plant of the

INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Wilmington, N. C.,

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING of three Brick Buildings, with all necessary adjuncts, One Hundred Horse-power Engine, Two Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Veneer Machinery and Butterdish Dies, Basket and Crate Machinery and Shapes, Automatic Saw Mill, Rip Saws, Band-Saws and Cut-Off Saws. Also, a Brand new Planer, costing $900.

In fact, all necessary machinery for the successful manufacture of Sweet-gum Butter Dishes, Berry Baskets, Vegetable Crates Barrels, and Packages of every kind. Modern Dry Kiln in connection. Also, a Boston Blower.

This property has a river front and wharf of 100 feet, with railroad track running into the yard.

There is an inexhaustible supply of gum and raw materials for miles in every direction tributary to this factory, and to be had at a nominal sum. The machinery is all practically new, and the owners will either sell everything outright on easy terms or will take stock in a company for the operation of this plant. This property is valuable in many respects and is capable of being converted into almost any kind of a manufactory. Freight rates to all commercial centres of the interior and coastwise cities very favorable to this point.

Apply in person or by mail to

THE MORNING STAR,
Wilmington, N. C.

apr 15 tf

50c Figured China & India Silks Reduced to 39c

35c Wash China Silks reduced to	25c
12½c Satine reduced to	7c
36-inch Percales reduced to	7c
25c Figured Etamines (Black) reduced to	15c
All-Wool Dress Goods reduced to	19c
$4.00 Silk Shirt Waists (Taffeta) all shades, for	$2.48
50c, beautiful quality, Mousseline De' Soie, for	39c
36-inch All-Wool Serge (Black) for	25c
The prettiest assortment of Belts in the city from 5c to	48c

Call and examine our Gents' Furnishing Department.

Suits made to order from $12.50 and upward.

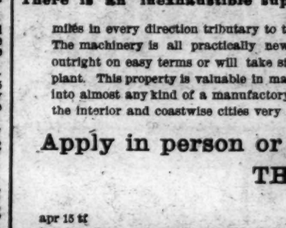
Write for samples. Express paid on merchandise amounting to 5.00 or over.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

DEPARTMENT STORE, 617 and 619 North Fourth street.

my 9 tf

BETWEEN ONE THING AND ANOTHER



We always manage to turn out the best fitting Clothing in the city. Our line of imported and Domestic Suitings are superb. They catch the eye of every one.

Come in and let us show you our line. It will cost you nothing to look and little to buy.

Our lines of Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc., etc., will interest.

Neckwear of every description.

M. H. CURRAN,

my 7 tf 107 Princess street.

Our Competitors Squealed in their Advertisements of the past week.

Did you read them? They do not like our method. **WHY?**

Because it suits the majority of the shoppers of Wilmington. We are not selfish, and when we have a GOOD THING we share it with our customers and friends, and by their liberal support we are convinced that our efforts are appreciated.

A few of the Good Things this week:

Crown Pongee sold in New York retail stores at 18c; our price for this case is 12½c a yard. Beautiful assortment of patterns.

Extra Heavy White Piqup for Skirts, 15, 20 and 25c.

Piques for Shirt Waists in all shades, 15c.

35c colored Mulhouse Organdy, beautiful patterns, 25c.

Fancy striped and plaid Ribbons for ties and belts, only 25c per yard.

Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Gowns, Lace and Hamburg Trimming 50c to $3.00 each.

W. B. Sumner Corset, all sizes, only 50c, 75c and $1.00; every pair warranted.

Reed Portiers, in ten different colorings to select from, $1.25 and $1.50 each; suitable for Summer house.

100 dozen Clover Leaf Towels, large sizes; special this week, 10c.

44 50c we show the most complete line of Gent's Neckwear in all styles.

Full stock of Gent's Negligee Shirts, 50c, 75c and $1.00 each.

Gent's Underwear in Balbriggan and fancy weave, 50c.

Our black and colored Kid Gloves will be sold at 99c a pair this month. Every pair warranted by the maker.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,
No. 9 North Front street,

my 7 tf Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

I HAVE PURCHASED THE ENTIRE

Boot and Shoe Stock

OF MR. H. VONGLAHN AT A BARGAIN, AND ON SATURDAY MORNING, THE 6TH INST., I shall place before the public such a Bargain as has never before been offered it, in this town.

IF YOU COME TO 109 MARKET STREET SATURDAY MORNING, (VonGlahn's old stand).

The goods and the prices at which we are going to sell them, will prove the honesty of this statement.

In this stock there are some of the FINEST AND COSTLIEST SHOES ever handled on this market.

Over 500 pairs of Ladies' Shoes,

which heretofore retailed from $2.00 to $3.50 per pair, will be sold for..... **$1.00 per pair.**

Between 1,000 and 1,200 pairs of Ladies' and Children's Slippers of all styles and colors, up-to-date goods, which will be sold from 15c to $1.50. They have been selling from 50c to $3.00. Calf Skin Boots, former price $3.00, will sell for $1.50. Rubber Boots, former price $3.00, will sell for $2.00. Hip Rubber Boots, former price $4.25, will sell for $2.75. Children's and Ladies' Rubber Sandals and Shoes from 10c up.

This community knows of VonGlahn's old stand; they also know of the quality of the goods he always carried, but they have

Never known Shoes to sell at such prices as we are going to sell these.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

my 5 tf

PURE LARD.

7500 pounds Pure Lard.
4600 pounds Compound Lard.
9800 pounds D. S. Sides.
5100 pounds Plates.
3200 pounds Butts.
1000 pounds Bacon Shoulders.
225 bags Wheat Bran.
115 barrels Mullets.
28 barrels White Fish.
420 bales Hay.
115 bags Peanuts.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
my 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Portuondo's Chico Cigars.

We are the sole agents here for this famous brand, also carry a full line other grades, as well as

Cheroots

of the best makes. Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, including the popular brands.

Snuffs

of the leading makes.

We can offer all inducements of price, discounts and premiums on the above goods. ORDERS SOLICITED.

HALL & PEARSALL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
apr 30 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.